LaRouche rips Sachs's fascist recipe for Poland

Lyndon LaRouche, candidate for Congress in Virginia's 10th Congressional District, issued this statement on Oct. 29.

The Sunday, Oct. 29 issue of the Washington Post contains a feature by Harvard so-called economist Jeffrey Sachs on the subject of Poland. After the sickening experience of reading through the entire article, one realizes that Sachs is a fascist in the tradition of John Maynard Keynes. This is no mere characterization. It is key to understanding the crucial strategic flaw in what appears to be the present U.S. policy toward Poland.

It should be recalled that in 1936, John Maynard Keynes published the first edition of his *The General Theory of Employment, Interest, and Money* in a Germanlanguage edition. This edition had a special forward in which Keynes stated that he thought the host country for this publication, Nazi Germany, was among those best suited for the application of his economic theories.

So says Jeffrey Sachs in the Washington Post "Outlook" section on Poland. He states that his measures would probably not be easily applied in a country such as the United States, but might be in Poland because the repressive apparatus exists intact, independent of and mobilized outside the ranks of the governing party, Solidarnosc. What he proposes essentially is genocide. It's also insanity. And as I've indicated earlier, there's another implication to this.

This Polish experiment, if the Sachs version were allowed to proceed, would be, over the course of the winter, one of the most hideous and most genocidal experiences Poland has known since the Nazi occupation, maybe worse than the Nazi occupation in some respects, in what it leads to. Thus by the end of winter, if not earlier, this experiment in Poland would become the basis for probably the overthrow of Gorbachov, or at least of Gorbachov as he is presently viewed. This experiment in Poland could ruin everything and could bring us more rapidly toward the brink of Soviet military attack on the world outside, sometime perhaps between the years 1991 and 1992.

Jeffrey Sachs must be reined in. And only sane people, not fascists from Harvard, must lead in helping the Polish opportunity, somehow, to succeed.

sky, and many more are typical of the cosmopolitan or internationalist school of Kremlin leaders. Gorbachov, like his predecessors in this school, typically argues that in order to thrive, Holy Mother Russia must pragmatically adapt to the rules of the game in the gambling casino that is the world of Western finance. The Gorbachov school aims at getting economic and technological assistance from the West to pull the Soviet Empire through its periodic bouts of exhaustion. In order to do this, they propose that Russia make concessions to what they (with some empirical justification) understand to be the essence of Western economics—usury, monetarism, and rapine.

The Russian cosmopolitan school is distinguished in this regard from the fanatics of Moscow the Third Rome and the apocalyptic destiny of the Great Russian Master Race for world conquest, of whom the archetype is of course Josef Stalin. This latter group is the inspiration for today's fascist Pamyat (Memory) movement and for other political expressions in Russia. For the Third Rome Great Russian school, the Western Trust financiers and monetarists are to be cultivated, primarily because their looting practices contribute to the more rapid rotting away of the putrid West, in contrast to the opposite effect of industrial capitalists and production managers. But at the same time, the Third Rome school is

painfully aware that the Western usurers are committed to the rape and plunder of Holy Mother Russia as well. There the Third Romers draw the line, as in such typical moments as 1927-28, when Stalin ousted Bukharin and abruptly terminated the foreign concessions to Western imperialists that had been permitted under the New Economic Policy (NEP).

One feature of Stalin's victory over Bukharin deserves to be mentioned today because it bears upon the irreversible process that is now leading to the overthrow of Gorbachov within the next six to seven months, at the hands of rivals who will necessarily turn out to be closer to the Third Rome School: A decisive contributing factor for Stalin's ascendancy was the incipient breakdown crisis of Western economy, finance, and banking leading up to the crisis of 1929-33. An economic depression undermines the ability of the Western Trust financiers to deliver the economic goods, and also makes their demands increase in rapacity. Today's breakdown crisis in the West is thus another nail in Gorbachov's coffin.

For Lord Victor Rothschild, Armand Hammer, Dwayne Andreas, Henry Kissinger, David Rockefeller, and the rest of the Western branches of the Trust, the positive aspects of Gorbachov and his fellow Russian cosmopolitans are to be found precisely in their willingness to make concessions to

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