

A: You are the one who says that. I have been out of the SID too long now to know about it.

A: But when the Red Brigades kidnapped Judge Sossi in April 1974, you were the head of the "Counterintelligence" Department "D." Did you know then the role of the Interior Ministry infiltrators and also of what was being prepared by your chief, General Miceli?

A: I don't understand what you are referring to. . . .

Q: I refer to a precise fact. General Miceli was preparing the kidnapping of attorney Giovanbatista Lazagna, the former partisan Communist who is reported to be the moral head of

the Red Brigades. . . .

A: I cannot answer that question at all. . . .

Q: Can you answer this one? Is it true that general Miceli in that occasion prepared some secret "hideouts" that would be called "peoples jails" and in fact they were "SID jails"?

A: I cannot answer.

Q: Let's put it this way: if Miceli, or whoever ordered you, and I said "ordered" you, to go ahead with that operation, would you have done it?

A: I would not have obeyed it, and in such a case, I would have resigned my post. . . .

Part I

Who Is Francesco Alberoni?

June 19 (NSIPS) — With general elections a day away and the role of NATO, the American CIA and West German intelligence agencies in "left" and "right" countergang terrorism in Italy well-publicized throughout the nation's press, the European Labor Party held simultaneous press conferences in Milan and Rome yesterday to identify one, remaining crucial link whose exposure will permit immediate identification and thorough dismantling of the Rockefeller brothers entire apparatus of insurrection against parliamentary democracy in that nation. Francesco Alberoni, rector and "sociologist" of Trento University's terrorist selection and conditioning center, was not only the brainwashing creator of, in particular the savage "Red Brigade" terrorist-killers, but has for nearly two decades played a role which is pivotal in the **interface** of a large number of "private intelligence" institutions which constitute the Italian-national branch-network of the Rockefeller operation, and which is wholly under the command of FIAT financial-industrial emperor, Gianni Agnelli.

Focused investigation by responsible journalists with the courage and intelligence required to pin down and expose Alberoni will therefore open a broad avenue into the heart of the beast, which is now fully mobilized to destroy Italy's major political parties, and terrorize its population into toleration of a police state in the service of genocidal austerity.

ELP Executive spokesmen together with party candidates for National parliament in both cities motivated their appropriate emphasis on Alberoni at this time by stating that exposure and bringing to justice of all implicated persons and groups, whatever their stature, was now a leading demand of the Italian working class and electorate at large, bound to exert a significant influence on the following day's elections and the political mood of the populace in the immediately following weeks. The ELP will accordingly maintain powerful pressure for full disclosure of the dark forces behind recent destabilizing influences on Italian political life by launching a legal suit charging the Italian government with exercising its responsibility for enforcement of criminal law. The suit will compel President of the Republic Giovanni Leone to direct both chambers of the Italian parliament to investigate ELP charges against Alberoni, Agnelli and others on the basis of the extraordinary accumulation of legally-admissible evidence, now in the possession of the ELP and other sources; there must be full identification for the Italian people of the crimes for which these persons are accountable, from the planning and im-

plementation of terrorism to the broader, inclusive plot for an Italian fascist dictatorship. The appropriate sections of Italian and international law (e.g., Nuremberg) must be adhered to in the ensuing prosecutions.

The 'Improved' Fascist

Francesco Alberoni's creation of the "Red Brigades" utilizing "small group" brainwashing methods is the sensational but merely derived feature of his expertise in inherently fascist sociological techniques of the type developed by London's notorious Tavistock Institute. These amount to innovations based on Anglo-American intelligence studies of Mussolini and Nazi "social control" successes. The inherent object in Francesco Alberoni's theory and in the documentary record of his practice is not the "small group" per se, but the possibility of rendering the whole of Italian society into competing, "paranoid" small groups, i.e., the destruction of Italy's political parties, its governing democratic institutions and the related outlook of its people. "Red Brigade" productions in connection with the same "synthetic fascist" sociology program is but a subsumed feature of his active, long-term commitment to an Agnelli-dominated "1984" society.

Francesco Alberoni was trained during the 1950s as a medical doctor and psychiatrist at the Milan Catholic University, the major center of race science and fascist labor theories under Mussolini, and since the Second World War directly linked to the Tavistock Institute itself. Milan Catholic University "psychiatry" and "sociology" is the relatively sophisticated behavior modification practice associated internationally with Tavistock's fortunately-deceased Brigadier-General John Rawlings Rees of the British Secret Service and CIA, and Rockefeller family protege Kurt Lewin, responsible for the development of control-methods regarding "self-policing" 'small group' social formations.

Alberoni in the 1950s engaged in psychological profiles of immigrant workers from southern Italy then working in industrial plants in Milan. More is to be learned, but the crux of his work was to identify those distinctive ideological features of the southern worker's outlook and deprived cultural traditions, which could be exploited to successfully introduce Lewinite self-policing sub-organization among the immigrants in competitive isolation from the broader Milanese workforce.

Alberoni's subsequent career is a story of rise through Agnelli "private intelligence" institutions to the point that

he, today plays a most prominent role in the Agnelli-Rockefeller insurrectionary plot, a degenerated variant of the nightmarish Sidney Webb of the old Fabian Society of the British financiers' Round Table.

Target: DC and PCI

In the early 1960s, Alberoni was drafted for a private intelligence project critical as preparation for Rockefeller-Agnelli's current anti-Republic operations, conducted under the auspices of the Cattaneo Institute in Bologna. His assignment was to undertake mass psychological and sociological profiling of Italy's two major political parties, the ruling Christian Democracy (DC) and the Italian Communist Party (PCI).

The specific object was described by Giorgio Galli, director of Cattaneo's associated and better-known publishing house, Il Mulino: to identify the essential, distinguishing features of both PCI and DC "ideologies" through a study of their respective bases of support, histories, organizational structures, social presence and psychology. The aim, declared Galli, was to specify means for the destruction of those "ideologies" and a transformation of the characteristic social identity of each party's mass of supporters and cadre core-groups toward forms suitable to a "post-democratic society."

Responsibility for the overall project was in the hands of Galli. Francesco Alberoni, as a trained Lewinite brainwashing and profiling expert, was placed in charge of profiling and developing behavior modification programs appropriate to the core cadre militants of the two parties. The entire project was lavishly funded from 1962 through 1964 by the Rockefeller Brothers through their 20th Century Fund conduit based in New York, and coincided with a global "branching point" in Rockefeller designs for fascism, merely typified in U.S. developments revolving around the assassination of President John Kennedy and the creation in 1963 of the Institute for Policy Studies world-terrorism deployment center.

The Action Party Connection

The project itself, like the Cattaneo Institute-Il Mulino group chosen to undertake it, has roots in the immediate post-war period of Rockefeller policy control over the Allied occupation of Europe, reflected in OSS-Standard Oil official, Allen Dulles' war-time operation to subvert the Italian resistance movement. Dulles created the so-called Action Party as a wedge against the hegemony of the Communists, a strictly "left" fascist-radical operation combining anarchist-terrorists drawn from the Sardinian Action Party, left anarchists and renegade Communists such as Altiero Spinelli and Leo Valiani; syndicalists from the original Milan Catholic Univeristy operation, exemplified by Riccardi Lombardi; and plain old-fashioned bankers: Bruno Visentini, Adolfo Tino, Enrico Cuccia, and Count Ugolini La Malfa. Most of these persons remain today critical operatives in the Agnelli-run insurrectionary network of "private" agencies.

Typical of the political character of the "Action Party" operation, which purported to be the "spine" linking the Catholic resistance (the Christian Democracy) to the Communists, was the creation in 1943 of the "European Federalist Movement" by Action Party operative Altiero Spinelli. Ugo La Malfa in 1944 unabashedly praised Spinelli's movement for its perspective toward a "United Democratic Europe" in which mass-gangs of workers would be available for movement back and forth across national borders in shifting slave-labor employment.

Historical background to Alberoni's work, the Action Party itself professed a primary commitment to breaking down all social and ideological barriers which might impede the successful implementation of such a European labor policy.

The Cattaneo Study

The same figure, Altiero Spinelli was the principal in the 1946 creation of the Cattaneo Institute of Bologna, explicitly as a private institution emphasizing sociology and designed to provide studies of the Italian nation and people to "interested scholars" in Great Britain and the United States.

Since this inception, Cattaneo Institute-Il Mulino has been closely related to the Bologna Institute operated by the Johns Hopkins University, a Rockefeller-dominated institution heavily implicated in brainwashing design and U.S. "community mental health" networks culpable in terrorist and similar crimes.

In a 1970 publication, *Patterns of Political Participation in Italy*, Giorgio Galli laid out the thesis by which he and Alberoni were guided in the 1962-64 Cattaneo-Mulino profile study: Italian political life is "static" because of the character of the PCI and DC, whose entrenched power-bases must be broken to implement fascism. "It has become increasingly clear that Italians must break down the barriers between a dynamic society and a static political system by giving greater social and political effectiveness to the energy and drive that was felt throughout Italian society from 1945 to 1963. Social reforms must stimulate individual energy and voluntary effort and reinforce the freedom whose protection man entrusts to society. Otherwise a bureaucratic state awaits the Italians..." Galli makes his fascist objective more explicit: "But if the barriers are surmounted, we can anticipate a dynamic joining of forces, in which individual egoism is mobilized by the state in the interests of national development, and the state itself is responsible for areas of human concern in which private initiative cannot function effectively."

Francesco Alberoni's section of the Cattaneo study, in his own words, utilized "the focused non-directive interview, which also included some items designed to probe, through direct questioning, information of a personal nature and evaluations of certain major political leaders and problems." Such interviews lasted up to six or seven hours and were themselves a form of "soft-brainwashing." They elicited the political and socio-economic background of party militants including their relations to parents and siblings, the degree of "social integration" of those activists (problems with family, jobs, etc.) and their integration within their party. Their "world view" was also deeply probed respecting "expectations regarding future party developments," and their "degree of acceptance of existing social structures and changes they considered possible."

Alberoni was especially concerned to locate inconsistencies between these attitudes and party ideology, and "whether there might be neutral attitudinal zones in which politics is unimportant." He was probing the neurotic features of his subjects' psyche, like a medical doctor diagnosing a patient's illness for the purpose of exacerbating it to a terminal point.

The preliminary results of the study were published by Il Mulino in a 1966 book (*Il Bipartitismo Imperfetto — The Imperfect Bi-Party System*). Approaching his subject from the standpoint of the breakdown of "neo-capitalist prosperity" by the latter 1960s, a story which NATO-agent "Trotskyist" Ernest Mandel is specifically credited, author Giorgio Galli calls for "de-ideologizing" Italian politics and

the establishment of an "intermediate system" between capitalism and socialism. The "brilliant" Francesco Alberoni is cited as one of the helpful authorities on the new breed of fascism; Galli identifies his as an Italian follower of Harvard sociological "structuralist" Talcott Parsons.

The Bologna Institute, in the person of former Action Party theoretician Norberto Bobbio who was subsequently associated with Trento University and Il Mulino, adopted the Galli book and Alberoni study as a bible for intervention into Italian political processes. It was Bobbio, a long-term Agnelli-retainer, who directly dictated to PCI agent-leader Giorgio Amendola his famous "neither Social Democratic nor Leninist" speech in 1964. Alberoni and Galli considered Amendola's liquidationism and allied currents for a "Christian Marxist" dialogue — i.e., dialogue with the Alberoni Catholic counterinsurgency groups — to be essential steps toward the "de-ideologizing" of the PCI and the weakening of the working class. Along with that the Il Mulino group directly orchestrated the anti-Amendola faction of Pietro Ingrao leading to the factional break-away from the PCI of the Maoist Il Manifesto grouping in 1969. Il Mulino unquestionably played a similar administrative role in factional wrecking operations conducted by Piero Bassetti to weaken the ruling Christian Democracy, particularly during 1974—75.

Agnelli Foundation Connections

In the year 1966, Gianni Agnelli created the Agnelli Foundation, as an "Italian MIT" which was publicly dedicated to collaboration with Rockefeller and Ford (Rockefeller) Foundations in the U.S. Immediately, the Agnelli Foundation established close formal ties with the Cattaneo Institute-Il Mulino and with its sister, Johns Hopkins' Bologna Institute.

One of the Agnelli Foundations first projects was a major undertaking from 1966-69 to "integrate" culture and the activities of industrial management. Directly involved in this "Valletta Project" which was designed to make every element of Italian culture a "management concern," were Trento University brainwasher Franco Fornari, top Socialist Party economist Sylos Labino, and both Francesco Alberoni and Giorgio Galli of the Il Mulino group and Milan Catholic University.

From 1966-68, Alberoni also engaged in T-Group experimentation on in-plant brainwashing of Milan industrial workers. The "radical" (fascist) content of his T-Group techniques was publicly emphasized to provide him with the "left" cover required for his subsequent Trento University assignment. It was in this two year period, the first two years of the Agnelli Foundation, that Trento University with a sociology department founded in 1962 around Lewin-Rees "synthetic fascist" models, grew from a small school into a

huge university center with some 4,000 students attracted on the basis of the school's publicized "radicalism." The corresponding faculty expansion consisted of an Agnelli private intelligence deployment of professorial retainers, "Labor psychologist" Enzo Spaltro, above-cited "Sociologist" Franco Fornari, who was also 1964 author of (*La Psicanalisi della Guerra Atomica — The Psychoanalysis of Atomic War*) a piece based on the work of John Rawlings Rees, and Norberto Bobbio, a PSI member and PCI leadership control agent since the days of the Action Party. Leading this Agnelli deployment, however, was Francesco Alberoni, who upon his staged rejection as a "leftist" at Milan Catholic University triumphally accepted the rectorship of Trento University.

In the same period, the Agnelli Foundation-centered private intelligence networks as a whole were undergoing an immense expansion. The networks of Rockefeller and Agnelli which are today their vehicle for dismemberment of democratic institutions coalesced precisely in that post-1966 period.

In 1972, for example, the Agnelli Foundation Culture Committee featured such names as Michel Crozier (the top Tavistock sociologist in France), Harold Lasswell of Yale University, Guiseppe Parente of the Office of (Programmazione) and John Pinder of the CIA—MI5 London School of Economics. Directly financed by the Agnelli Foundation are the Cattaneo Institute-Il Mulino, the Center for the Study of Comparative Trial Law (based on the work of the CIA's domestic arm, the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration), and Turin's Einaudi Foundation, named for Luigi Einaudi, the "liberal" father of Henry Kissinger's Latin American destabilization expert at the U.S. State Department, Luigi Einaudi. The Einaudi Foundation is a heavy funder and staffer of the European Federalist Movement of Altiero Spinnelli.

The Agnelli Foundation is associated on numerous projects and studies with the Rockefeller—CIA's Rome Institute of International Affairs, also established in 1966 and a control center regarding the actions of the PCI leadership. Both Giorgio Amendola, PCI economics expert, and Sergio Segre, the PCI "shadow foreign minister," sit with Gianni Agnelli on the AIA's board. Through that institution, Agnelli enjoys direct liaison with the CIA's Institute for Strategic Studies in London. As of 1972, the Agnelli Foundation was engaged in a study of European domestic and foreign policy with the Ford and Volkswagen Foundations. Along the same lines, it has collaborated with the Atlantic Institute in Paris and the infamous International Association for Cultural Freedom, which coordinated operations against Eastern European countries. The Agnelli Foundation now operates in a front organization in Rome, the Institute for the European Economy.

To Be Continued