

Italy's War on Crime by Marco Fanini

Magistrates under siege

The people who commissioned the Bologna massacre in August 1980 are now moving against the judges.

Judge Aldo Gentile, who had investigated the 1980 Bologna massacre and made the discovery that behind it were masonic circles headed by Henry Kissinger and Italian financier Gianni Agnelli, has been indicted for slander.

The incredible procedure was initiated by Judge Vincenzo Tricomi of Florence during the week of May 9; it also hits the star witness, Elio Ciolini, and the Italian consul in Geneva, Ferdinando Mor.

These three are charged with having acted with the aid of elements in the secret services and the carabinieri (Italy's paramilitary police) to convince French counterespionage agent Elio Ciolini to name certain names as having ordered the terrorist bombing in the Bologna train station that left more than 80 dead.

Ciolini allegedly was convinced by a bribe of 100 million lira, along with a promise that he would be freed from the Swiss jail where he was serving time for fraud.

The "slander victims" were to be members of the Montecarlo super-lodge: Henry Kissinger, Gianni Agnelli, Carlo Azeglio Ciampi and Guido Carli (the present and former governors, respectively, of the Bank of Italy), as well as Olivetti general manager Carlo De Benedetti and others.

The Rome state's attorney has named Judge Orazio Savia to probe the story of the 100 million given to Ciolini by the Italian secret services: even former Prime Minister Giovanni Spadolini will be questioned since he gave his blessing to the operation

which led to Ciolini's revelations.

We thus find ourselves confronting the most brazen attack on the independence of the magistracy, as well as the interference of foreign powers in Italian affairs—a plot whose final goal is a coup d'état in Italy. For, without a shadow of doubt, the attack on Gentile comes from Henry Kissinger and his freemasonic flunkies in Italy: Agnelli, De Benedetti, and Socialist Party leader Bettino Craxi.

Kissinger in particular has everything to fear from the Italian magistracy, which has asked him several times to respond to the accusation of Corrado Guerzoni, that he in effect ordered the assassination of Christian Democratic Party president and former prime minister Aldo Moro. It is true that the star witness of Gentile's investigation into the Bologna bombing, Elio Ciolini, is an ambiguous character whose statements have to be handled with tongs.

Ciolini told Gentile of the existence of a masonic super-lodge, the Comité Montecarlo, created by the now-jailed Licio Gelli, which pulled together the cream of the Italian section of the Trilateral Commission.

The super-lodge presided over the management of a colossal international arms traffic; it discussed plans for political and financial control of Italy; during one of its meetings it was decided to give the commission for the Bologna atrocity to the Nazi networks of Stefano Delle Chiaie, a well-known terrorist who has been working out of bases in South America.

Ciolini also produced documents from the papers and transcripts of the secretary of the Montecarlo super-lodge, Enzo Giunchiglia. The courageous judges and investigators who had succeeded in making Ciolini talk had nothing more to do at that point than to sift out the true from the false in Ciolini's declarations. At that point the reaction of the alleged "slander victims" exploded and they succeeded in blocking Gentile's work, got the case taken away from him, and now finally are accusing him of having committed fraud and slander.

The masonic sects of Propaganda-2 and the Trilateral Commission are extremely vulnerable to the Italian magistracy's probing: this is why Bettino Craxi, right after his meeting with Henry Kissinger in Milan on May 18, announced early elections and at the same time unleashed a violent attack on the independence of the judicial branch.

According to Craxi, the magistracy has too much power. He proposes creating the new position of judicial commissar, who would sit in on cabinet meetings and could censure the activities of the judges according to the convenience of certain gangsters.

Craxi is tremendously bothered, for example, that the judges want to try Socialist Domenico Pittella, a senator.

Pitella used to run the Salus clinic in Lauria, which was used by Red Brigades from all over Italy; and with terrorist Giovanni Senzani had planned armed attacks on the maximum security prison at Palmi, to liberate Red Brigades founder Renato Curcio and his friends.

The Socialist leaders are deeply involved with terrorism and drugs. Michele Papa, the liaison between Muammar Qaddafi and Billy Carter, is one of the most famous examples.