U.S. Ambassador to West Germany Richard Burt called the initiative "crucial for the new era in East-West relations," and said he expects a "positive response" from the Kremlin. He spoke of "planned modifications in the status of Berlin," and called the initiative highly symbolic for the "new understanding established by the INF agreement. This new type of cooperation is to become manifest in Berlin."

In short, the Reagan administration appears about to sell out Berlin, as part of the "New Yalta" arrangement to give the Soviets hegemony over all of Europe. The fact that the government in Bonn was not told of the nature of the initiative reminds the Germans of the fact that they have no say on Berlin, nor on the status of Germany as a whole, but are still subject to the allies' good or bad intentions.

European intelligence sources say the agreement may eventually "bring the Berlin Wall down," It may also open the wall at several locations, and lead to more intercommunication between the two divided parts of the city. It may eventually turn Berlin into a "center of encounters between East and West."

Military analysts in Germany are warning, however, that diplomatic activities over the status of Berlin will increase in direct proportion to the pace of "decoupling" and U.S. troop withdrawal from Germany. At the end of this process, there will not be German reunification in freedom, but along the model of Finland, on Soviet terms, or even formal annexation by the Warsaw Pact forces.

Report links scientists' deaths to Soviets

A series of terrorist assassinations and other mysterious deaths of British scientists involved with the Strategic Defense Initiative appears to be linked to the Soviet-inspired campaign to undermine the West's defensive weaponry program, said a report published by the MacKenzie Institute for the Study of Terrorism, Revolution, and Propaganda in Toronto.

"There's no smoking gun," said Randall Heather, a former adviser to the Bank of Montreal and the author of the study, "Terrorism, Active Measures, and SDI." Heather said he believes "it was a phase that is hostage to a larger process of bringing presure to bear on Western Europe to stop SDI, which is the Soviets' final goal."

Maurice Tugwell, a former British Army officer who now directs the MacKenzie Institute, said the pattern of anti-SDI violence is clear. "There's no doubt at all that terrorists in Western Europe are quite deliberately targeting SDI scientists."

'AIDS has a simple solution; let people die'

"AIDS has a simple solution, Let people die," a spokesman for the International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis (IIA-SA) near Vienna told a caller Jan. 13. "Europe lost 40% of its population during the 20 years of the Black Plague, and within 50-60 years they recovered to pre-plague levels," he said.

IIASA is well known as a Soviet intelligence outpost. The first Reagan administration withdrew its financial contributions and participation in IIASA projects when it uncovered evidence that the institute was being used by the KGB to tap into Western computer banks.

IIASA was founded in 1967 by Dzerhmen Gvishiani of the KGB and Alexander King of the Club of Rome, with an assist from the "president" of the U.S. Eastern Establishment, McGeorge Bundy.

The same IIASA spokesman forecast "seven lean years . . . at least seven years of recession. All major industries started after 1941 have now reached global saturation. The auto industry is the best example. Competition for stagnant markets is therefore forcing productivity increases which force unemployment in the OECD. Real unemployment is now at least 12-15%, but governments for political reasons hide the extent. The situation between now and 1993 will become more and more unstable."

Briefly

- AIDS killed 32 people in Great Britain in December, reported London's Daily Telegraph. It also reported that the number of new AIDS cases in December rose by one of the biggest monthly totals to date: 57. "As yet, there is no sign of the government's anti-AIDS campaign having any effect in reducing the continual upward rise in the number of cases."
- JOSEPH BIDEN, the U.S. senator who became the world's most famous plagiarist, was praised by the Soviet Union for his "pro-INF campaign" tour of Europe. Radio Moscow reported Biden's Brussels press conference, where he expressed "the hope that the Senate would ratify the INF Treaty."
- ARRESTED GERMAN terrorist suspect Christine Gabriele Endrigkeit has been linked to Syrian intelligence. She was arrested on Jan. 10 as a suspect in the April 1986 bombing of the La Belle discothèque in West Berlin, which killed three, two of them American servicemen.
- VENEZUELAN Social Democrat Carlos Andres Pérez, his country's former President, held a press conference Jan. 10 to announce that the Socialist International would send a mission to Haiti Jan. 14 to demand guarantees for candidates in upcoming elections.
- RAISA GORBACHOVA'S Soviet Culture Fund has announced that beginning in January, it will issue a new cultural magazine entitled, Our Heritage. According to its chief editor, Vladimir Enicherlov, the bimonthly (200,000 copies) will be dedicated to Russia's "literary, historical, and philosophical heritage," and to reviving "those literary works that have been forgotten and locked up in the Archives.'

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