
Letter to the President

Bush must declassify the LaRouche file!

The following letter was sent by Warren J. Hamerman, the chairman of the National Democratic Policy Committee, to President George Bush by certified mail on Oct. 20, 1989. Hamerman has made the text available to the Commission to Investigate Human Rights Violations and to the press.

Dear Mr. President:

This letter is to confirm that my letter of October 11, 1989 to you constitutes a formal request under Executive Order 12356 for you to use your executive powers to declassify and cause to be released all material on Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr. in the possession of the White House, NSC, FBI, CIA, State Department, Department of Justice, the President's Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board and other government agencies or inter-agency government task forces.

To reiterate, I specifically request that you invoke your powers under Executive Order 12356 to declassify and release all material on Lyndon LaRouche and his associates which was generated as a result of activities initiated under authority of Executive Order 12333, 12334, the 1983 "Smith Guidelines" for domestic FBI operations, and Presidential Directive 75 and National Security Decision Directive 77 and/or other authority. Appended to this letter is a partial list of subject areas already known to exist which would be relevant to this declassification request. The list is by no means all-inclusive.

My letter dated October 11, 1989 was hand-delivered and logged in as received at the White House at mid-day of October 12, 1989 as well as sent to you via certified mail (P-049419329) the previous day.

Sincerely yours,
Warren J. Hamerman

Topics related to Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr. previously disclosed and now subject to full declassification

1. Documents consisting of at least 4,700 pages which have been identified by the FBI as "responsive" to a Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request for all post-1981 files concerning LaRouche and associated organizations compiled under Executive Order 12333, or for counterintelligence or

other national security investigations.

2. Files reflecting government interference with fundraising efforts by associates of LaRouche, including attempts to harass and intimidate contributors as well as government contacts with banks and other financial institutions for purposes of interfering with fundraising and financial affairs of organizations identified with LaRouche.

3. Documents beginning in June 1982, which reflect that CIA veteran Walter Raymond, while at the National Security Council as special assistant to the President, circulated documents within the NSC to discredit LaRouche with the Reagan administration as a "foreign intelligence asset."

4. Correspondence files beginning August-November 1982, between Henry Kissinger and his lawyers with then-FBI Director William Webster, which show that Dr. Kissinger demanded that the FBI investigate LaRouche and determine who funds LaRouche's organizations and publications.

5. Documents which reflect efforts to discredit LaRouche and associates as agents of "Soviet disinformation"—as shown in a declassified September 1982 FBI memorandum.

6. Documents generated off of the Jan. 12, 1983, request from the President's Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board (PFIAB) to the FBI that an investigation be conducted to determine if LaRouche and his political movement might be "funded by hostile intelligence agencies."

7. Documents reflecting efforts by Mr. Leo Cherne, the vice-president of PFIAB, and/or Mr. Roy Godson, a consultant to the NSC and State Department or any of the CIA's "private" foundations, such as the Smith Richardson, Olin, and Scaife Foundations to discredit LaRouche with the Administration or to otherwise interfere with the legitimate political activity of LaRouche and his associates.

8. Documents which reflect the use of press outlets such as NBC and the *New Republic* by government agencies to create the climate for the opening of a federal grand jury investigation against LaRouche beginning in October 1984, and the seizure of bank accounts of his campaign committees and other publishing companies.

9. Documents generated from a nationwide conference in February 1986, convened by then-U.S. Attorney for Massachusetts William Weld in Boston for federal and local officials.

10. Documents and correspondence which show that both news media reports and Soviet officials' claims that LaRouche was somehow behind the assassination of Sweden's Prime Minister Olof Palme were totally false and that the CIA was aware of Swedish wiretaps which showed that the Soviets knew of the Palme assassination in advance.

11. Documents which reflect that Gen. Richard Secord and Lt. Col. Oliver North were gathering information on LaRouche and his associates.

12. Documents which detail the efforts of the FBI and CIA to penetrate the LaRouche political movement using intelligence stringers Fredrick Lewis, Ron Tucker, and Gary

Howard.

13. Memorandum and correspondence maintained in the offices of then-General Counsel to the Office of the Vice President, C. Boyden Gray, relating to LaRouche and his associates.

14. Memorandum and correspondence regarding the April 1987, U.S. Government initiated involuntary bankruptcy proceeding against three publishing companies operated by associates of LaRouche.

15. Documents reflecting active measures through U.S. Embassies and other government agencies abroad against the influence of LaRouche and his associates in Western Europe, South America, Asia, and Africa.

Pressure mounts on White House

Following is a selection of the letters most recently received by President Bush concerning the barbaric treatment of Lyndon LaRouche in prison. Official titles are for identification only.

Dear Mr. President,

I am writing on behalf of Mr. Lyndon LaRouche, who was sentenced to 15 years imprisonment, and who is currently serving this sentence in a Rochester, Minnesota prison. I understand that in spite of his age and his ill health, Mr. LaRouche has been forced to perform 7 hours hard labor daily in the prison kitchen, and moreover, he has recently been severely mistreated and has not received proper medical care. I feel very unhappy about this state of affairs, and if the conditions described to me are correct, I would like to appeal to you on humanitarian grounds to ensure that Mr. LaRouche is treated with more regard to his age and state of health, and that he be given a fair trial when the appeals court meets the 6th of October.

Sincerely,

Abdus Salam

Nobel Laureate in Physics, 1979

President, Third World Academy of Sciences

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Dear Mr. President,

I have got news from press and colleagues of different

countries about the medical treatment Mr. Lyndon LaRouche has received during his stay in prison.

This news is rather worrying because if such behaviours are real, they would be against the principles of the medical profession and human rights.

If this is true, I beg you, dear Mr. President, to intervene with decision in order to stop such violations of human rights which are in contrast with all principles of a democratic country like the United States of America.

With my deep respect I am remaining yours very sincerely,

Prof. Franco Perraro

Head Physician of Emergency Medicine Division

City Hospital of Udine, Italy

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Your Excellency,

Quite apart from my parliamentary post, which I hold as an honor, as an ordinary citizen of Peru I fully identify with the principles of our Constitution, which mandates in Article 1: "The human individual is the supreme purpose of society and of the State. Both are obligated to respect and protect him." Therefore, I am deeply concerned by any kind of human rights violation, no matter where, against even the humblest citizen of any country.

My Christian, humanist, and democratic principles oblige and compel me to ask for just treatment for any person tried on account of his ideas, especially when they are based upon social justice and in favor of peoples which—like mine—clamor for a solution to their economic, social, and political problems, to get out of a situation of unjustifiable postponement [of those solutions].

Therefore I cannot but be concerned with the case of Mr. LaRouche and his associates, a case known around the world. And, given the above, I invoke your intervention to duly protect the physical integrity of the aforesaid social fighters in the process they are undergoing, and that true and impartial justice be duly safeguarded, so as to honor those merits which have made the United States of America the standard-bearer of justice and democracy in the Americas. I also request that the proceedings of this case be publicly released worldwide. Let the "LaRouche case," in the end, add to the proud history of U.S. legislation, as an example and precedent of fairness for the legal orders of the other countries of the continent and the whole world.

Respectfully,

Eliseo Roman Pimentel

National Deputy, Peruvian National Congress

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The jailing of Lyndon LaRouche has sent shockwaves round the world and through all patriots, nationalist politicians, and freedom-loving citizens.

We are shocked and amazed by the subversion of natural