What I’m about to announce to you, and follow up by a presentation on the subject, will produce incredulity in a lot of people around the world and around the country, especially inside the United States. But it’s all true, and I shall indicate to you what some of you may not have taken into account, or didn’t know about the nature of the world situation, and therefore, you would have doubts about what I’m about to tell you.

The situation now is such that the present monetary-financial system is so far embedded into a process of hopeless bankruptcy, that there’s no way this system in its present form could ever come back or could survive. It’s gone. The very question of the value of money—money is in doubt—to everyone who knows what is going on.

What must happen, if civilization is to be continued on this planet—it must happen very rapidly—is that the United States must enter into an agreement with Russia, China, India, and other countries, to establish immediately, an emergency, new international monetary system, based in conception, on the precedent of Franklin Roosevelt’s launching of the Bretton Woods system in the period of 1944-45. That must happen, and can happen. Russia has already indicated, through President Putin, repeatedly, and through others—and I have some considerable investigation into this matter—an interest in working together with the United States, perhaps not with the jokers who are presently sitting in Washington, in the White House and similar places, but to establish a new relationship with the United States, different than that which now exists at the top, in order to bring together the nations of Russia, China, India, and the United States, and other nations, into treaty agreements which will establish immediately, a new emergency world monetary system, modeled in intention, on the agreement which Franklin Roosevelt orchestrated in 1944-45 for the post-war world.

That is the only option for humanity now. The time frame is immediate. This is not something for 2009. Or even 2008. It’s for 2007, and it must happen now: Because the entire system is presently, hopelessly bankrupt. It’s being held together by pins and needles, and chewing gum. I don’t know whose chewing gum it is, but it’s sticking under the seat—so, check your seat for chewing gum.

The October 1987 Bankruptcy

All right, now, what happened was, of course, the system, in the conventional sense, went bankrupt in October of 1987, which I had the privilege of predicting earlier that year, of an early-October collapse of the monetary-financial system in the U.S. It happened. What happened was the equivalent of the Hoover Depression breakout in 1929.

What happened then, at that point, is that a fellow called Alan Greenspan, who is not known for clarity, announced that, since he had been nominated to become the new chairman of the monetary system, the Federal Reserve System, he announced to Volcker, who was incumbent, still, then, and to others: “Hold everything!! I’m coming!” And he said, “Wait, and I’ll fix it.” Now, what he did, when he came in, he launched the wildest fraud you could imagine: Instead of facing the reality that we had gone into a 1929 Depression, already, he said, we’re going to keep the thing alive, with what was later called a “wall of money.” Of fake printing-press money, generated more and more, not in the form of printed paper, but in the form of electronic fantasies—agreements based on nothing.

Two of the things that were crucial in this, were, first of all, they turned Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, and similar institutions, into a mechanism for financing a wild-eyed speculation in mortgage-based securities. The second thing they
got going, particularly starting from the time President Clinton was inaugurated, was the unleashing of a wave of money, a “wall of money,” fictitious money, for essentially the so-called computer technology, information society program.

Now, as you know, in 2000, especially the Spring and Summer of 2000, while the election was going on and nobody was noticing reality, the bubble collapsed, the Y2K bubble. The “wall of money” poured in—you could get money from various sources for nothing! For less than nothing! We had a case out here, in Virginia, called Winstar, and money was being poured into this thing, which never produced anything! Executives were being taken on, given large salaries. The place never produced anything! And in due course, it went belly-up, and the people fled into who-knows-where, into various places—they took their insanity, and ran. But this was typical.

So, as of 2000, while Al Gore was running (Who knows? He’s always running; he should see his doctor), during this period, the system changed. And in came George Bush, the George Bush Administration, and George didn’t know what was going on. He was simply a stooge for Cheney. And new measures were put in, especially, what they planned, was to go to war! And the decision to go to war was not made after 9/11: It was made in the beginning. And some of you may recall that I forecast publicly, that we could expect something like what Göring had done, Hermann Göring in February of 1933: Where Hitler had been elected Chancellor and everybody was laughing, saying, “This jerk’s going to be outta there, quick.” But then, what Göring did, he set fire to the Reichstag, the parliament building of Germany; and on the same night of that, the same guy [Carl Schmitt—ed.] who’s behind some of the Federalist Society people here, put through a law, promulgated a law, under which Hitler was given dictatorial powers. And he retained and increased those dictatorial powers, from February of 1933, until the time he died.

And you know what happened to the world after that, as a result.

So, this is the kind of thing which happened, which we called 9/11 and similar kinds of things: that the new administration coming in, the administration which was created artificially out of mud or something worse, less pleasant substance, by George Shultz, the guy who led in putting in the Nazi regime of Pinochet into power in Chile! And under whose direction from Chile, the Southern Cone, Operation Condor, which was a Nazi-like mass murder of people, was conducted.

And this kind of government, under Shultz, who represented that in our history, together with Felix Rohatyn, who is also a Nazi-banker type, pushed through policies, which were dictatorial policies. And on the evening of Sept. 11, 2001, the attempt was made to push through actual dictatorial powers. They didn’t succeed in going all the way. They got quasi-dictatorial powers, in the hands of Cheney and com-
pany: And that has been the history of the United States, from that time to the present time.

Now, Cheney is not that important; in some respects, he’s only a thug. He’s a broken-down relic of a failed football team, who has the weight, but not the brains, that go with that qualification. He was once a lineman with the telephone company; they wouldn’t let him climb anything, because he might fall and break something. So he’s not really a great talent. He’s actually owned by his wife, who keeps him as a sort of a mascot, ties him up outside at night, except on two occasions where he helped to give birth to daughters. This guy is not a brain, he’s a bully. He’s a mafia collection agent; that’s what he is.

But he works for groups of bankers and others, associated with George Shultz. And George Shultz is not just a figure in the U.S., he’s an international figure. And the center of power lies not in the United States, it lies in London, of which Al Gore is virtually a citizen, these days; at least, he’s a British agent. He’s officially an agent of the British government, and of the British monarchy. His titles come in part from the Prince of Wales, Prince Charles: The program that he’s pushing today, comes from Britain, not from the United States. This kind of thing.

The ‘Golden Generation’

So, a dictatorship was imposed upon the United States, not a full dictatorship, but what has acted pretty much like one. And we have a whole generation, the Baby-Boomer generation, of people who were born especially between 1945 and 1957, 1956, actually; a specific generation which was brainwashed in a very specific way—that’s the white-collar generation, not the blue-collar generation. The blue-collar generation of that period was not the same as the white-collar generation. The white-collar generation are the “We are the wonderful children,” born then, being told, “We are wonderful, unlike the blue-collar types. We are wonderful! We’re going onward and upward! We’re going to be the power!” This was the period of the “white-collar” myth, the period of “The Organization Man.” And the Organization Men, working with the corporations, largely military-related corporations: “We’re going to run the world!”

And then, 1957—February 1957: We had the deep recession which continued into 1961. And that was the end of the power of the Baby-Boomer generation. But the little kiddies, born between 1946 and 1956, of that generation were embedded from their families, with a certain ideology, which became known as the “68er” generation ideology. These kiddies, who hated blue-collar people, they hated factory workers, they hated farmers, they hated engineering, they hated science, and were determined to create a paradise, in which none of these things existed. And over the period, as my generation began to die out, in the 1980s in particular, and toward the end of the ‘80s, they took away, they shut down the industries, with their influence. They did insane things, to stop technological progress. They destroyed our farmers, they ruined our industries, they bankrupted our working people, from industry; they ruined everything. And they called themselves, “The Golden Generation”!

And therefore, this revolution of the 68ers, which was actually a product of this phenomenon, in the post-war period, of people who hated Franklin Roosevelt, and wanted to destroy everything in the United States that represented Franklin Roosevelt—they couldn’t do it all at once. But after the Kennedy assassination and the launching of the War in Indochina, they were able, step by step, to do that. And using, especially as the 68ers typify this: Use the generation which had come to adulthood, the generation born from 1946 through 1956, use that generation as a ramrod, as in the streets of the United States and elsewhere, during the Spring, Summer, and Autumn of 1968, to unleash a cultural revolution, which was the secret of destroying the United States.

What did they do, the 68ers? The 68ers, first of all, started with a class instinct, against the working people and farmers and scientists of the United States, the ones who were hated by the 68ers on the street. And with this, they divided the Democratic Party. The Democratic Party had been based on farmers, and working people, and ideas of that type. The 68ers were against it, in the name of the Left! But the Left was really the Right! The children of the same people who created Hitler in Germany, back in the 1920s and 1930s.

So, they divided the Democratic Party, and brought a potentially fascist movement in, through an American President, Nixon. Nixon was not the problem; Nixon was the instrument of conveying the problem. He was not the disease, he was the carrier of the disease. And he didn’t even know what the disease was. This was a product of what was called, by Eisenhower, the “military-industrial complex,” that combination which had taken over the country, with the aid of the Baby Boomers, with the aid of the 68ers! Who had destroyed the opposition, an opposition which was not exclusively tied to the Democratic Party, but the hard core of it was in the Democratic Party, and it was in the Franklin Roosevelt tradition, as Kennedy affirmed that, when he was President. That was destroyed.

Since that time, if you belonged to the lower 80% of family-income brackets in the United States, you and the conditions of life upon which your traditions are dependent, has been systematically destroyed. The attempt to destroy Social Security, the actual success in destroying the health-care system, and so forth and so on, are products of this process. We have what is, in effect, a fascist regime in the United States, today, which is called the Bush government.

And you have a revolt against this, coming up from within the generation of young people between 18 and 35, young adults between 18 and 35. There’s where the revolt is. The instinct is there. Because the Baby-Boomer generation, that is, the white-collar generation—not the people of the blue-collar 68ers, not the farmers, not the poorer people, but! those
who represent the white-collar culture, of the Baby-Boomer generation, which was built up by brainwashing of children, during the period of 1946 through 1956: Out of that, has come, now, a destruction of the United States and a fascist system.

But, what we have, is, we have now a generation of young people, young adults between 18 and 35: As we saw this past week in California: We had a situation, around the issue of the impeachment of Dick Cheney. Throughout this country, in the recent period, you’ve had a mobilization, since the Democratic Party took over the Congress, a mobilization to block any attempt to impeach Cheney—saying, “We’ll do it when we get into power by the next election in 2008. We’ll get into power in January 2009, and then we’ll eliminate the problems.” They’ll never get that far. They won’t have a government by January 2009, the way things are going now, unless there’s a change.

So, this is where the problem lies.

We Now Have To Make a Choice

Now, therefore, if the United States is going to survive, and if the world, in fact, is going to survive, we’re going to have to get rid of this problem. We now have to make a choice—it’s not a matter of, you can “choose” to go one of two ways: You can’t choose. You choose one way, or you go the other way. You either choose to eliminate Cheney and what he represents, or you go the other way: “Look, Ma, no United States.” “Look, people who are looking at the United States, no world.” Because, the U.S. dollar is the reserve currency of the world, still, despite its problems: If the dollar were to collapse, you would have a chaotic chain reaction globally, a collapse of trade, a collapse of financial values, which would mean the whole world would go into, not into a depression, but a financial and economic new dark age, comparable to what happened in the middle of the 14th Century, then.

So therefore, we have to do something immediately, to prevent the collapse which is oncoming, which, if it came, now, would be a new dark age. And the key to this, is you must save the role of the United States dollar as a reserve currency, otherwise, the whole shebang goes down under.

Now, there are many people in high positions, who don’t agree with that. They say, they have an idea for a “system,” to replace the U.S. and the U.S. dollar, which is their intention. This idea, by this fellow Benn Steil, of the Council on Foreign Relations: The guy’s an idiot, but he’s an informed idiot. He’s an idiot, because he’s trying to save the system, which he likes. The system which he likes can not be saved. The system which institutions like the Council on Foreign Relations propose, could never work! They’re finished!

But: They believe! They believe! They BELIEVE!—that this is the way the world must be. They BELIEVE in paradise . . . even if it’s Hell. As long as they manage it. Or, at least have a franchise.

But, it won’t work. What this guy writes in Foreign Affairs is a piece of idiocy! It’s a piece of criminal idiocy! It’s national suicide! It’s world suicide! He proposes that three, essentially, privately controlled currencies run the world.

What about the dollar?! Every value, in the world today, internationally, is premised on the determining role of the dollar, and obligations of the dollar, as a reserve currency.

For example: If the dollar collapses, what happens to the assets of China? Boom! If the dollar collapses, what happens to the assets of India? Boom! If the dollar collapses, what happens to Europe? Boom! What happens to the United States and every other part of the world? It goes down. Because, under this system, without a stable currency, without a standard of value, in commerce, you can not maintain the system. And if you can’t maintain the system, if you begin to shut down the factories and the other facilities, as the result of a financial breakdown, you have something worse than a depression: You have a dark age. Therefore, if you don’t save the role of the dollar, as a reserve currency, as a standard of monetary value, then the monetary system itself can not be sustained.

However, these guys, like this guy from Foreign Affairs, wants to eliminate the dollar, wants to eliminate the United States—he’s not a patriot: He wants to eliminate the United
States! He says so, if you read it carefully. Read the intention. What’s he proposing to do? That’s his intention. His intention is to destroy the United States. By destroying, particularly, the reserve role of the U.S. dollar. Whereas, if you look at the obligations spelled out in dollars, worldwide, as to China, as to India, as to Europe, as to elsewhere, the entire system goes under.

It’s a dollar system. You can pretend it isn’t. You can talk about going to other combinations of currencies, blocs of currencies: It won’t work. Because, the whole world is held together today, by the debt of the United States. And therefore, if you cannot defend the position of the United States, as a debtor nation, the world as a whole, now, will go under.

So therefore, you have these crazy ideas, like this Steil, from the Council on Foreign Relations, well, why does he express these ideas? Not because he knows what he’s doing, but because he’s grasping at straws. He’s assigned to say [panting], “H-h-h-h-h—we’re going to sink the dollar! That’s good. We need a new currency—huhuhuh.” Huh? He’s panting! He’s like the eunuch, panting for a sexual relationship! There’s nothing else to dream about.

But, if people believe him, and believe people like him, then we all go to Hell—for a couple of generations, and the population of this planet will go from over, in terms of billions, will go from over 6½, to less than 1, in a very short period of time. Whole languages will disappear, whole sections of culture will vanish, with that kind of dark age: As Gore’s already proposed to wipe out the population of Africa, with his program. That would happen.

So therefore, defending the dollar as a reserve currency, is necessary, for every sane nation, and every informed and sane part of the world population. The system is bankrupt. What we have to do, is declare bankruptcy, and put the international financial system into receivership, where governments hold and decide what to do about the bankrupt monetary-financial system. They take action to ensure that what must be paid, what must be active, what must continue, will continue. Pensions will continue to be paid. Investments in productive enterprise will be made. Payments on whole categories of outstanding obligations will be suspended, or cancelled. For example, all gambling debts should be cancelled, immediately, by action of a monetary form. Because there’s no investment: Gambling debt doesn’t represent wealth. So, cancel the gambling debts—and they’re the biggest part of the debt of the world right now, is gambling debts, in one form or the other. And then, take measures, through the use of power of governments, to come to trading agreements and credit agreements, which not only maintain the level of present physical activity, but actually increase it.

The Government Must Take Charge

Now, there are several things that have to be done: First of all, we have to reverse the destruction of the economy of the United States, which has gone on, especially since 1971. We have destroyed industries. We are a post-industrial society. We depend upon the production of other parts of the world. We do not earn our own living. We go into hock, to buy the things we don’t produce.” Shown here: unloading rubber imports at the port in Morehead City, N.C.

We have to reverse the destruction of the U.S. economy: “We are a post-industrial society. We depend upon the production of other parts of the world. We do not earn our own living. We go into hock, to buy the things we don’t produce.” Shown here: unloading rubber imports at the port in Morehead City, N.C.

8 LaRouche Webcast

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establish a federation of nations, of respectively, sovereign nation-states, to cooperate in the development of the entire world in an equitable fashion: to end misery and to bring justice.

That was stopped! Truman stopped that immediately at the end of the war. Truman immediately turned to support of recolonization: of the recolonization of Indo-China; the militarily forced recolonization of Indonesia; and phony forms of freedom in Africa; a phony arrangement, which is still chaotic, in India; and so forth. The United States supported the British—especially the British—in recolonization of areas that had been struggling for freedom, and were on the verge of getting it. Prevented development, in regions of the world that wanted freedom and development, and could have had it, had Roosevelt lived.

So, go back to that: Go back to what made us the great power, which at the time of Roosevelt’s death, could have fulfilled the promises of the Roosevelt Administration. But the other guys took power, on Roosevelt’s death. The only solution we have today, is to go back to Franklin Delano Roosevelt’s work, pick up the staff again, and resume what should not have been stopped. And what you find, is, intelligent nations around the world recognize this. Some are not so powerful. But some are relatively powerful. China has today, 1.4 billion people in population, the largest part of the world population. India has over 1 billion people. You have a similar pattern of population, not as big, but the same pattern, in much of Asia. Russia is still a powerful nation, with great potential. And it’s a Eurasian nation, that is, it’s a combination, from its history of a nation with ties to Europe, and ties into Asia. It’s the bridge between European civilization and Asian culture.

If you unite these nations, including the United States, with a determination to save this world from Hell, and if you have Russia, China, India, agree on immediate negotiation of special agreements, to stabilize the situation and to create the foundations of a new development of world affairs, it can work: Because other nations, weaker nations relatively speaking, will join, if offered the opportunity to participate in this. And they will join it, largely through what Roosevelt intended the United Nations should do, as a body, not of globalization, but a body of bringing respectively sovereign nation-states together in cooperation for their common interests of humanity.

So, it’s perfectly feasible. And we’ve reached the point that there is no other sane choice.

A Political Earthquake in California

Now, in California this past week, we had a demonstration, in a relatively small, but indicative form, which shows how close we are to the possibility of doing that [see National lead]. You had, as a result of a number of things, we went into that, and the leaders of the Democratic Party had committed themselves not to impeach Cheney. Well, a lot of them are getting money from George Shultz’s controlled circles, financial circles. A lot of the leading candidates are getting their money, directly or indirectly, from George Shultz’s circles—Democrat or Republican. This includes Felix Rohatyn, who’s one of the moneybags of the Democratic Party, and who’s a fascist. He was one of the guys who financed the Pinochet takeover of Chile. He’s a real fascist. There are others of the same character. Soros is a different type. But he’s also in a similar position. But then, you have the bankers who are mainly, directly, behind George Shultz, as their American point of reference.

So, the Democratic Party, which is looking at things in the small, the older guys, said, “Don’t impeach Cheney! George Shultz doesn’t want us to impeach Cheney.” Just go ahead, and try to win the next election, if you can—hahaha!! If you survive to do it!

But, the young people, and the poorer people of the country, don’t agree. The poorer and younger people of the nation,
the United States, don’t agree with this policy, which was taking over the leadership of the Democratic Party. The word was out: “No Cheney impeachment!” I said, “No!” Well, but there happen to be a lot of people out there who want a Cheney impeachment. The impeachment of Cheney is one of the most popular projects in the world right now. Everybody wants to get rid of Cheney, so what’s the problem, buddy! The guy’s a criminal. He committed the crime. We got him red-handed: He lied, and he got us into a war by lying! Together with Tony Blair of London, who lied! And the President would have lied, if he’d been intelligent enough to know it was a lie. What’s the problem? He’s done everything, every treasonous act in Creation! What’re you waiting for?!?

[Mumbling:] “Well, the word is out—don’t bother with Cheney. We decided! Don’t go at Cheney!”

But many of the people in this country, didn’t agree. The impeachment of Cheney is more popular than ice cream! (Some people don’t like ice cream, because they think it’s fattening—that’s the difference.)

But the problem was, the people of this nation, especially the lower 80% of family-income brackets, do not believe any more that they have any independent power. They’re only permitted to go out and vote for approved candidates, or approved issues. They’re not permitted to say, “Hey, wait a minute, c’mon: I got a different idea.” They’re not permitted to say that! Or, they can say it, and they can be called a kook! The press won’t report it. So, the people, the majority of people, the so-called “will of the people,” where is it? What’s that, a death testament? Or a real will, a living will?

No! The people were not represented! The people don’t simply go out and scream, and say, “We want this,” and the loudest voice wins. The people have to have a system of representation, through which deliberation of ideas and issues can occur. In which their voice is heard, in which their mind is engaged, in which their opinions are considered. We don’t have that in the United States, today. We have people who run the country, and people who say to the others, “Okay, you guys can stay in your place. Do as we tell ya. Listen to us, we’re the wise guys. We don’t have to explain it to you now. We’ll tell you later. We’ll tell you, in January of 2009, what this election is about.”

So therefore, we needed a catalyst, and our job was to be the catalyst. So, you had people coming into the Democratic Party Convention in California, as around the country—as in Vermont, as elsewhere, in Louisiana, other parts of the country—probably 100 locations this past week, saying, “Impeach Cheney.”

Why wouldn’t the Democratic Party do it? When the majority of the Democrats want it! And know, rightly, that this is what must be done—now!

Why didn’t it occur? Well: Wheeling and dealing. Go along to get along!

So, if the majority wanted it, how are you going to get a way, in which you get the majority to have their will expressed? And respected?

Well, what we did, is we were the catalyst, especially our Youth Movement, inside the Democratic Party, which triggered the process by which the desire of the majority of the people, as represented there, could be expressed. And the people were like water in a dam: And you puncture and open a little bit of the dam, the water comes flushing out and it takes over the landscape! So, once we took the step which breached the hole in the dam, that was damming up the works, of the Democratic Party—“Oohhh!! Okay.” Whoosh! Impeach Cheney is back on the table, in California and elsewhere.

And that’s how the will of the people is properly expressed. And that’s what the role of leadership is in society. It’s to know what has to be done, and recognize this is the problem: that the old guys who were in power, particularly the veterans of the 68er phenomenon, people today between 50 and 65 years of age, are controlling most of the positions of power in the United States, as a social phenomenon. The majority of the people, below 50 years of age, especially the large majority which is emerging in the 18- to 35-year age-group, has no efficient representation in the United States. Therefore: Talk about democracy? Buddy, we mean it! Real democracy—not vote it, yes or no. But, participate in the process of deliberation, by which policy is made and adopted. The right to vote is not freedom. The right to participate in the process of deliberation, by which the issues are defined: That’s freedom! The right to develop, and to know, and to have the capability of making those kinds of contributions: That’s freedom! And the way to have freedom, is to give freedom the right to express itself.

And right now, the test of freedom, is the impeachment of Cheney.

If you get rid of what is jamming up the works, at the top, in Washington, something which is crumbling—the Bush Administration, is disintegrating before your eyes—but you don’t know whether it’s the head that’s going, or something else, but something is going there—it’s disintegrating. You’re now in a situation, where, under conditions of crisis, if you have the mobilization, and, if you are engaged with and respected by the majority of the people!—if you open the gates of deliberation, to participation by the people of the United States, especially the lower 80% of the family-income brackets—we demonstrated it in California: You can open the dam! And the waters will flood forth! And the changes that must be made, can be made suddenly. And those nightmares which besiege us, today, can be washed away in the process.

We Can Save This Planet

Then, you come back to practicality. What is the only solution, for the immediate threat of a plunge into a dark age during the year 2007, perhaps on your Summer vacation, which may be permanent this year, hmmm?—what can be done
Voters in Washington, D.C. cast ballots in the 2004 Presidential Preference Caucus. “The right to vote is not freedom. The right to participate in the process of deliberation, by which the issues are defined: That’s freedom! . . . And right now, the test of freedom, is the impeachment of Cheney.”

to solve this problem? Well, the first thing we have to do, is, we have to stabilize the international monetary system. How do you do it? You get a group of powerful countries together, to initiate a motion which puts the whole world financial system into receivership, for control by actions by governments: essentially what Franklin Roosevelt did, during the 1930s. Put the bankers into hock, under the control of governments, and regulate the system, and get some justice back in the system.

At the same time, to recognize what must be done, to rebuild the shattered economy of the world: how to get back to becoming a productive society? Based on scientific progress; on industry, on agriculture; development of infrastructure; the development of skills; security; the improved standard of a physical standard of living, for the world: How do we do that? Well, we can to do it. There are things which must be done, and can be done, now. Things which are known: for example, let’s take the case of nuclear power. Nuclear fission power is on the rise. It’s unstoppable, unless we go to a dark age. Even the right-wingers of the world, generally, who are not absolutely nuts, are for nuclear fission power. If you look at the pattern of increase of contracts and intentions for nuclear fission power development around the world, it’s enormous.

Consider the issue of freshwater supplies, which are now in jeopardy in many parts of the world, and which you can not have, by any means except by assistance of nuclear fission power. If you do not realize the importance of going to thermonuclear fusion, as a technology, you can’t solve many of the raw materials problems in the world. With thermonuclear fusion as a technology, we can solve many problems of chemistry, which we otherwise can not solve economically.

So therefore, if we take these missions of developing infrastructure, leading with the international freshwater crisis, dealing with other things of that type, which we know how to fix, traditionally, and for which technologies which are appropriate, exist and are known: We can save this planet! Not by some miracle bestowed from above, but by our own will, by adopting those measures, and institutional provisions which will enable us to do it.

Therefore, our job is, as in California this past week, knowing that there’s a bomb waiting to explode out there: The bomb is the public opinion of the lower 80% of the family-income brackets of the U.S. population, and similarly in other parts of the world. If you unleash the ability of this lower 80%, what Franklin Roosevelt called the “Forgotten Man”—unleash that! Let it participate in the process—not just vote up or down—participate in the discussion! And understand that their voice in the discussion is considered important: It’s a part of the process of deliberation. They’re part of the process of deliberation. That’s what the “consent of the people” means! Participation in the process of deliberation. Having the facts available, having the discussion back and forth occur, so that when the decision is made, they participated, whether they agreed or not, they participated. And their voice was heard. Their interests were respected. Under those conditions we can solve these problems.

We have also: China has a major problem. China is actually wealthy in one respect, but it’s becoming poorer all the time, in other respects. You have Communist Party billionaires in China, because the Communist Party, when they adapted to capitalism, decided that some of their party figures should be the big capitalists. So they got Communist Party billionaires. But you also have vast underdevelopment in China, of the people of China. And China knows that they have to shift, and deal with this problem.

You have India: The poor of India are poorer than ever before. Maybe the upper 20% may be somewhat much better off, but the lower 80% is not. The Congress Party of India is
If the U.S. joins Russia, China, and India to form a new international monetary system, we can change things: “The Congress Party of India is disintegrating, because it has lost its contact with the people it still had under Indira Gandhi [shown here, visiting the state of Jammu and Kashmir]. But India knows it needs to have a change, that the 80% of the poor in India must have some justice. And we need a system, a world system, which provides that.”

Most of the nations of Asia, the people in the governments know that. They want that! They want a solution! So therefore, when you get some of the bigger powers, like Russia, which is a very significant power, because it’s a Eurasian power, with important technologies—united with India and China, as is happening today—all you have to do, is to engage the United States, as a partner, with these three nations, and with other nations, to create the bloc which can change the world. And we can do it overnight. Russia has stated its willingness to do that—the President of Russia, and leading circles around him. We can have that agreement, tomorrow! If we have the right government in Washington. It’s on the table, it’s available to us, now. And the American people, if they knew what it was, would want it!

Our job is to make sure they know it exists.

The people of China, the government of China—different policies, different views, but nonetheless, understand this need: cooperation among the United States, Russia, China, and India. Every intelligent patriot of those countries knows that, and agrees on that. They may not agree on other things, but they agree on that. They agree, that with this kind of agreement, the world can shift into a period, away from war, and back to diplomacy. Because that combination of power in the world forces control over warfare, and forces the issue back to diplomacy. And every nation in the world, that’s sane, wants diplomacy rather than warfare.

The problem is the British and the United States government, presently, don’t want peace! They don’t want diplomacy: They want warfare. And that’s what we’ve seen since the year 2000.

Are We Sane Enough?

So therefore, we have a wonderful opportunity before us, an opportunity created by necessity. We have an option before us. It’s the only option that exists: The question is, are we sane enough to take it? Are there enough people in the United States, who are sane enough to support it? Can we break through the barriers in the institutions at the top today, to unleash the implicit will for deliberation, among the people of the United States, among particularly the lower 80%?

As in all history, revolutions are made—not just bloody revolutions, but all kinds of revolutions—are made by the generation of young adults between 18 and 25 years of age, a generation which continues to perform that function up to the age of about 35. That’s the generation we sent to war, isn’t it? It’s the generation that fights every war, isn’t it? It’s the generation which produces the young leaders, who succeed the leaders in power, in time. It’s the generation which absorbs new ideas, and transmits them to succeeding generations. It’s the generation which introduces the reforms which make society proceed from one generation to another.

You know, every important project in the world, tends to be a long-term investment, and long-term investments have lifetimes of 25 to 50 years. And it’s the younger generation which has a perspective of a 50-year investment, or at least 25-year investment. In changing the conditions of life within that nation; that is the generation which has the spark and the commitment and the dedication to seeing it through, to make it happen. And the older generation rejoices in what these
The Baby-Boomer generation, the white-collar section of the Baby-Boomer generation, lost that. They don’t believe in their own children. They don’t believe in their own ancestors. They believe that they are something perfect. They are the “Golden Generation”—like that of Athens, which destroyed Greece, so Greece has never come back from what it was then, to the present day. And this was done by the “Golden Generation,” which plunged Greece into the Peloponnesian War.

We have, today, a “Golden Generation” which has been the instrument—not the cause, but the instrument—by which the United States has been plunged into wars: the war in Vietnam, the wars in Southwest Asia, and the prospective wars which are looming today. So, we need to replace the idea of the Golden Generation, with the idea of the immortality of the human being, whose mortality is connected to become immortality, with preceding and ensuing generations.

And if we come to this point of crisis, and realize that’s where we are today, as this financial system and everything around it is about to collapse, that we have one shot, one chance, to avoid a dark age: and the chance is now. And the step that will make the difference, is for the United States government to respond to what Russia has proffered, and other nations have proffered, China and India, to enter into forms of treaty agreement, long-term treaty agreement, under which we address this problem of our world, bring other nations into partnership with that agreement, and do essentially what should be obvious: to get back to a tradition, which in our country, most recently, was the Franklin Roosevelt tradition—get back to the tradition which we had once, and cooperate with other nations on that basis, and, all these problems can be solved.

And therefore, as I’ve said today, what has to be done, is, we have to get a new Washington, before 2009. The step is to get rid of Cheney, put him into pasture. Or, maybe a swamp, if that’s where he prefers. Change the government, in a constitutional way; react to the emergency, with emergency measures which are appropriate; and recognize, the crucial thing is, the financial system, including the U.S. financial system and monetary system, is going bust, right now! So therefore, let’s do what’s obvious: Let the governments agree, to freeze, to put the banking system, the financial system, into receivership, for reorganization. A process of reorganization which will save the matter of national and international credit; will permit us to launch the large-scale projects to reverse the present tendency for decay; and to share with other nations, the joy of participation in common interests, in development, which means security for us all, and for generations to come.

Thank you.

Dialogue With LaRouche

Freeman: Earlier today, someone who actually clearly understands something about Lyn and about the way that Lyn functions, made a comment describing the actions of the LaRouche movement, and of Lyn in particular. And it’s a very apt metaphor: What he said, is, “Some people who are involved in the game of politics, spend their entire lives trying to move mountains.” He said, “Your boss is a little bit different.” He said, “He’s a realist. He looks at a mountain, and he says, ‘I can’t move that damned mountain.’ ” He said, “And he turns around, and instead, he moves the Earth under the mountain.”

Why the Hostility Against Russia?

The first question, Lyn, is on the question of recent events in Russia, and it comes from someone who was recently over there. He says: “Lyn, many people in policy-making positions have, I think, misunderstood recent developments in Russia, as being explicitly anti-American, when in fact, my experience is that they are anything but that. It is true that Mr. Putin, in his address to his nation, delivered a clear message to those who have taken hostile action against the interests of Russia.

But it seems to me that he also left the door wide open for collaboration between our two nations on many common interests, some of which you addressed in your remarks. Even in his declaration, that Russia would no longer abide by the CSCE [Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe] agreement, when the U.S. chooses not to. He also said that Russia was willing to consider a new approach to disarmament that both countries might find more relevant to the current world situation. I’m concerned about the perception of what Mr. Putin is doing. And I’m also concerned, because clearly there are individuals and institutions in the United States, who are taking actions, which by any measurement, can be deemed to be hostile to the Russian nation.

“I’d like you to comment on this, and also to comment on who it is who is taking those hostile actions, and why.”

LaRouche: The United States achieved its freedom in a struggle which began in 1763, when a new policy of government emerged in England. This change occurred in February of 1763, in what was called the Peace of Paris. Now, the Peace of Paris was the result of an effort, orchestrated by a group centered in the British East India Company, of what was known as the Seven Years War. And the Seven Years War was a consequence of an earlier war, which was organized out of England, largely, and the Netherlands, against the French monarchy, through the complicity of a pig who was called Louis XIV. Who qualified as a pig: the way his bowel habits in the palace were an example of this, in the Versailles Palace, where he had no place to defecate, so he would do it in public, in front of his admiring subjects. This shows very bad taste.

Anyway: So, what happened is, the British had played a
game—or the Anglo-Dutch Liberal faction, which is associated with the Anglo-Dutch East India Company, had played a game—of winning wars the way Persia won a war against Athens, by getting Athens to destroy itself in the Peloponnesian War. The way Britain has repeatedly won wars against Europe, and to some degree the United States, by getting the Europeans to fight wars against themselves. The Seven Years War, for example, was set up by Britain, to get everybody in Europe, on the Continent, conducting a war against Prussia, Frederick the Great’s Prussia. So, the British helped finance Prussia, in defending itself against wars against it by France, Russia, Austria-Hungary, and so forth. And since Frederick of Prussia was not exactly incompetent, he came out fairly well in the process.

But the Seven Years War was of this type: That the powers of Europe destroyed themselves by mutual warfare, orchestrated by the British, in which the British participated to some degree. They took over India, they took over Canada, and some other places, and established their superiority in naval power. So therefore, they won the war! The minute the British had won the war, which they had won partly with support from the Americans in North America, they turned against the people of what became the United States, with repressive measures to shut down technology, shut down industry, shut down large sections of agriculture and so forth. So, they established an empire: not the empire of the British monarchy, but the empire of the Anglo-Dutch East India Company.

The same thing happened later, in the Napoleonic Wars. France had been an ally of the United States in the American Revolution. A number of other countries in Europe had been sympathizers and partners of the United States, in launching the American Revolution and its successes. How’d the British play that? Well, first of all, the British controlled a Freemasonic faction in France and elsewhere, called the Martinist Freemasonry. And so, they orchestrated, from London, out of what had been created in 1782 as the British Foreign Office, they had set up a secret committee, which is like the dirty-tricks department of the British Foreign Office, headed by our dear friend [Jeremy Bentham]; who then directed the French Revolution! The Duke of Orleans was a British agent. Jacques Necker, his banker friend, was a British agent. The Siege of the Bastille was orchestrated by Philippe Égalité, on behalf of the candidacy for Prime Minister of France of Necker! The French Revolution was orchestrated by people like Danton and Marat, who were agents run out of London! Trained in London, and run out of London, and deployed into France as terrorist agents! The Robespierre faction was largely controlled by the same Freemasonic operation.

Napoleon Bonaparte, who had been an agent of Maximilien Robespierre, was picked by the Martinist Freemasonry, and given a new personality, modeled upon the Grand Inquisitor of Spain. And Napoleon, then, with a new personality, became the warfare agent, who despoiled all of Continental Europe in the Napoleonic Wars, which were not wars, in the sense of ordinary wars: They were looting wars! Napoleon and his forces were out stealing! They tried to steal every place. The British played this! As typified by the Spanish war, which was a British trap for Napoleon.

So, what happened is, the character of Europe was changed by the British orchestration of wars in Europe, a model of which is the Persian Model, used to induce Athens, through the Cult of Delphi, through Sophistry, to destroy itself in the Peloponnesian War—and Athens never came back, as a result of that war.

What has been done to the United States in the Indo-China War of the 1960s, what is being done in Southwest Asia today, is the same thing: The British—because it was the Prime Minister of Britain, Tony Blair, who led in defining the lies, used by Cheney and others, and Cheney’s practically an agent of Tony Blair, or the people who own Tony Blair—to get the United States into the Southwest Asia War. Which we had no business having! And keeping us there!—orchestrated from London.

The intent has been, at the same time, to destroy the United States economy! And we have been destroyed! We’ve been destroyed at the greatest rate under Bush. Our industries are gone! We lost our automobile industry, which is the heart of our industry! We are losing our agriculture, to ethanol! We’re losing everything. We’re an impoverished nation: all for the greater glory of Britain. And along comes this creep from the Council on Foreign Relations [Benn Steil] and proposes this new thing to destroy the United States. To uproot from this planet, anything that smells like Franklin Roosevelt, George Washington, or Abraham Lincoln.

So, when you’re looking at this problem, that’s what you have to understand. And we, as Americans, have to become patriotic again, not butt-kissers for the British. We got too many of those guys. When you’re kissing a British butt, it’s hard to see the world around you!

And that’s what the problem is: The British are determined to induce us to destroy ourselves! That’s not every Brit, but the relevant circles, the financier circles. And therefore, what do they intend us to do? They intend to create a state of war with the United States on one side, and Russia, China, and India on the other. And also at the same time, playing China, India, and Russia against each other.

So, Russia, which is aware of this—but some people in Iran are not, and they played some mistaken games as a result of that—says, “All right, we have no issue with the United States, no existential issue with the United States, as such. Why don’t we cooperate with them?” Putin, since the beginning of when he was President of Russia, has said that repeatedly: It is Russia’s policy to enter into cooperation with the United States, for the purpose of dealing with this world situation.

To end the danger of general warfare, by establishing
Russian President Vladimir Putin has repeatedly emphasized his desire for cooperation with the United States, and would be ready to enter into a four-nation cooperative alliance with the U.S.A., India, and China. But he needs a partner in Washington who shares that perspective. Here, Putin appears with Indian Prime Minister Manmohan Singh, in New Delhi on Jan. 25, 2007.

agreement on common interests of respectively sovereign nation-states: no globalization; common interests among respectively sovereign nation-states; no shoving anything down somebody’s throat. And to find those issues on which our interests coincide, or are complementary; and thus, to establish long-term agreements, which means 25- to 50-year agreements, largely centered on economic programs, investment in common economic programs or mutual economic programs, to help the other nations, through cooperation, in developing: equitable agreements. And therefore, to tie the economic and other interests of the respective nations so much into one another, that they will not lightly start picking fights with each other, because they have a strong common interest in not having the fight, and therefore, they will resort to other methods to solve their differences, rather than warfare.

That’s what every intelligent person who understands history in the world, understands today. We have passed the time, where we have to consider warfare as a desirable instrument of policy, for creating power over other nations, or other peoples. That idea has to go, permanently! Wars to defend yourself against an attack, to defend yourself against some predator, that’s one thing. But no wars for the purpose of an extension of an interest in gaining power! Or maintaining power.

Every intelligent statesman in the world understands that. What we have, is we have the British interest that understands that: And they understand that—and I’ll explain what the British interest is, because that has to be understood, too—because the British interest is in maintaining an empire! And you can not maintain an empire, and their empire is not an old type of empire, it’s a financial empire! It’s a financier empire, not a flag empire. It’s to control the world monetary-financial system, to have systems of bankers who are like suckers, predators, who are out sucking the blood of nations; and to maintain the right of the bloodsuckers to suck blood: That’s the British Empire!

And if you have sovereign nation-states, which are powerful as groups of states, and they can say, “You can’t suck our blood,” the British Empire is dead! If you say, “We have to have a financial-monetary system which is equitable in terms of the interests of nations,” the British Empire is dead. So therefore, it’s the British Empire, which is actually the Anglo-Dutch Liberal empire—which includes Felix Rohatyn, which includes George Shultz, and so forth, as agents of this treasonous creature—that is the enemy.

The world, insofar as nation-states are aware of the importance of sovereignty, and the importance of peaceful cooperation among the nations, is in opposition to this. But by playing nations against each other, as the British played in the Seven Years War, or the Napoleonic Wars, or otherwise: They play one nation against the other, and thereby undermine and destroy national sovereignty, and the perception of national sovereignty, by this mutual warfare.

Therefore, warfare of that form, is the enemy of civilization. And those of us who understand that, understand that we must force the issue of intelligent cooperation, of the type among sovereign nation-states.

So therefore, if you don’t understand the British are the enemy, you have a great deal of difficulty in understanding what the problem is. And if you think the British are our allies against some other country, you’re a damned fool! Sometimes the British will come up with an idea which is a good idea, and it’s worth supporting. Okay, on that basis, we’ll deal with it. But on the idea of preserving a financier type of Venetian-style empire, like that of the period of the Crusades, which is what the British Empire is—that we don’t tolerate. And therefore, there’s where the problem lies.

The problem is the Anglophiles: Do you realize how much Anglophile sentimentality there is in the United States? Especially among the upper 20% of family-income brackets? What soft-headed suckers for a British lie they are? They like everything British—or Brutish, as the case may be.

So that’s where the problem lies. And the answer to that, is simply to proceed to make clear, as I’m attempting to make clear today, and by other means, what the interest of the United States is now. And let’s fight for our interest as a
nation, and find partners who desire to cooperate with us, in fulfilling that interest. Which is also their interest. And I tell you, if you have 1.4 billion Chinese, over a billion Indians, a lot of other Asian countries’ populations, sane people in Europe, the forces in South and Central America which are tied to us, and the people of the United States agreed on this, I think we can win that. And I think we can rally people to support one another against this British plot.

But if you don’t do that, if you’re soft on the British, you don’t have a single chance of doing that.

I have British relatives, you know, I have lots of them. But the best of them came over here.

**Youth Campaigning for Office**

**Freeman:** Okay, the next question is on a slightly different topic. It says: “Lyn, your movement really put itself on the map in the 1980s, when thousands of ordinary citizens sought office as LaRouche Democrats. This past weekend, as I learned from the website, two members of the LaRouche Youth Movement, who I’d like to say represent a layer of young people who are anything but ordinary, sought and won positions in the California State Democratic Party, which is by far, the largest Democratic organization in the U.S.

“I’m wondering if this means that you are about to revisit the tactic of the ’80s, but this time with a bit of a twist. My own political instincts, which are still worth a few bucks in this town, tell me that running a large number of qualified young people for public office might be the single most effective intervention that anybody can make in the upcoming Democratic Presidential campaign. That’s my two cents, and I’d like to know what you think about it.”

**LaRouche:** Well, the key to this, is, we have campaigns which depend too much on money, that money buys campaigns, rather than campaigns financing people who are working at them.

We’re running a show type of campaigning, which is very expensive—you know, you raise money from whoever you raise money from, to buy advertising, mass advertising, which stinks, usually; where you’re advised to shape your advertising by experts, so that it really won’t address any issues.

For example: Look at each of the Presidential campaigns. Look at them now. Not one of them has said anything important. That is, they’ve said things that touch upon issues, so-called, or perception issues. But, they don’t say, how’re you going to get it. For example, Hillary said, “Well, when I go into office in 2009, I’ll deal with the war in Iraq! I’ll pull our troops out.”

What’s that? That’s not dealing with the issue. How do you get them out, now? And as some people said: How many dead do you want between now and then? And we just had the highest rate of death of U.S. troops in any month in the recent period reported. How long do you want that to go on, in a war which you can not win? Because you’re looking to defeat the enemy: And sometimes, somebody will turn around and say, “We have met the enemy, and he is ourselves.” That’s what this is.

So therefore, we go to the financial angels, who usually are not angels but quite the contrary, and we ask them to contribute large sums of money as donations for campaigns. The money then goes to professionals and into advertising agencies, which specialize in this, and they run the politics. They brainwash the candidate. “Here’s what you have to do. Look at this constituent, look at this one—you gotta do this, you gotta do this.” Well, wait a minute, buddy! How about a new idea? How about a new idea that is responsive to reality? Why do you want a slogan, instead of an idea? Why don’t you address something? Because the campaigns are not addressed to the issues of the people. Now if the people are involved in a campaign, as we used to have clubhouse methods of campaigning in the United States, which is what we were doing in the 1980s essentially—that was really clubhouse politics, it wasn’t big advertising campaigns. It was clubhouse politics. Ordinary citizens of this or that talent or background, were participating in running, and they were doing the campaigning. They were doing the policy work. They were relating themselves to the realities of life of the people they were addressing. And we had a great effect, relatively; we had more result, per dollar, than any other campaign! So we were getting more for less—why? Because we were doing the right thing.

So, yes, you’re right, the issue is mass campaigning. Here’s what we’ve got: We’ve got the Democratic Party base. The great part of the traditional Democratic Party base, which is farmers, working people, so forth, and some professionals—that part is easily accessed by us. We don’t have any problem with that. We also have Republicans, who are nominal Republicans now, who share more of that view. As a matter of fact, many Republicans were once Reagan Democrats. And there’s a reason for that. So, we really don’t have a problem there. We have people who are not in political parties, but who are politically conscious, but just withdrawn from trust in any political party, or turned away from these parties because of corruption.

So therefore, if you organize on the mass base and show some action on issues, relevant, yes, you can build a mass movement. For example, the Cheney issue, the impeaching of Cheney is a mass issue. You probably have one of the biggest bases of support in politics right now, for the impeachment of Cheney. If you look at the impeachment of Cheney—look at the military question: How many families have been affected, in what degree, by the frictional effects of not only the war in Iraq on them, but the fact is, that this chintzy government we have, which spends money for all kinds of things, does not take care of its soldiers. It doesn’t provide them with what they need. It doesn’t take care of them when they’re injured. It tries to chisel them out of their rights, as veterans, to cure the things they’ve suffered, from being soldiers; brutalizing their families. Is that good policy?
Therefore, people who understand that, will think about:
Hey, these guys, they thought they were working for the coun-
try! You send them over there—you lied to get them in that
war! They died! You liar! You killed them with your damned
lies! You sent them over there without protection, you wanted
to save money, because you wanted to give it to Cheney,
Cheney’s friends, for Halliburton. You looted the United
States to pay off Halliburton and other similar firms! We got
sick, we were injured, we came back; we went to the hospital,
we couldn’t get care! We’re veterans, we’re injured, we can’t
get health care to deal with the problems.

Our families are suffering. You sent us over there—we
lose money, because we can’t get enough to support our fami-
ilies when we are over there fighting these wars!

We weren’t trained for this kind of war! We’re state guard,
we’re National Guardsmen, we’re Reservists, we’re not
trained for this! You sent us over there, without being trained
for the job! And we got killed, and our families suffered,
and we lost our house, we lost this, we lost that. . . because
of YOU!

And you say, we’ve got to be patriotic, and suffer for the
continuation of this war?

Think of how many parts of the country are affected,
directly or indirectly by this kind of pattern: of a war, fought
too long, that should not have begun.

Then think of all the other issues: the health-care issue,
the pensions issue; think about what happened to the state of
Michigan, the state of Ohio, the state of Indiana, alone, as a
result of the failure of the Congress to support me!—on the
issue of the emergency action on the auto industry: To convert
part of the auto industry that isn’t being used, and convert
it to save it! For what we do need, which is infrastructure
development: rivers, all kinds of things, that need the kind of
high-technology engineering capability, that was buried in
the auto industry. Which is now thrown into waste or the
garbage dump.

And this affects the communities! It affects the people
of the United States! Where they live, in gut issues of their
personal lives. What you have to do, is connect the gut issues,
that they feel and experience in their personal life, and show
them the connection to policy-making on a national or world
level. Then they can respond.

They don’t respond, because they don’t know how to re-
spond: They say, “What the hell are we going to do? Is there
anything we can do about this? Is this just going to keep going,
on and on and on, when we’ll never be able to do anything
about it?” You’ve got to show them a connection. Where’s
the hot button, where do you go? What’s the button you push?
How do you understand this stuff? What do you do to fix it?
And that’s the problem.

So therefore, yes, you have to engage the people for two
reasons: First of all, you need a popular base, otherwise, you
can’t really win elections in an honest way. Secondly, if you
don’t bring people in the population in depth into fighting out
these issues, they will never understand these issues. Most of
our people out there don’t understand what the issues are.
They don’t understand what the cause of these problems is.
They don’t know where the handle is, that you can pull to fix it.

When you get them involved in political campaigns on
the base level, and you bring grand politics, on the national

LaRouche Democrats in
a September 1983
campaign on Capitol
Hill for the Strategic
Defense Initiative, to end
the threat of nuclear
war. Real “clubhouse”
politics, LaRouche
stressed, means you
involve citizens in the
issues of grand politics,
educating them so that
they understand the
cause of their problems,
and how to fix them.
“That, to me, is real
politics.”

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and international level, down to the base level, then, the people who are participating in the campaigns, become the vehicle by which you educate the population around them.

And that, to me, is real politics.

**Video Games and the Blacksburg Shooting**

Freeman: . . . Lyn, we have a number of questions that were submitted on the mass shooting at Blacksburg that took place a couple of weeks ago. This question is actually from the staff director of the Congressional Women’s Caucus, but I’m taking some liberties with it, because we’ve gotten a number of questions on this. She says: “Mr. LaRouche, many people have responded to the tragedy at Blacksburg with calls for stronger gun laws. While I think we can all agree that individuals with a history of mental health problems should not have access to weapons, I have trouble seeing how strengthening such laws would have prevented the Blacksburg tragedy. I’ve seen members of your organization around town, sporting signs blaming Dick Cheney,” she said, “which I don’t quite understand. I also have looked at your remarks, although I admit that I have not looked at them in depth, regarding that tragedy, and video games. I noticed that you have now called to make those video games illegal.”

She said, “I have some thoughts on that, and I’d like your view.” She said, “Baby Boomers were the lab rats in a social experiment to examine the effects of hallucinogenic drugs when used on a broad scale. I personally believe that the entire nation is still suffering the damage of those experiments. I think that if you’re actually serious about making these games illegal, you are probably in for the political fight of your life.”

She says, “On the one hand, the sums of money involved are enormous. Second, if what you’re saying is correct, there is also an explicit political agenda involved in the promotion of these games. And finally, many young people are, if not addicted to these games, passionately committed to their right to play them. It seems to me that the only way such a campaign could succeed, and the only way to wean our young people from these games is, if you reach out and convince young people that, in fact, they are—once again—being used as lab rats by people who they would otherwise perceive as their enemies. I’m not addressing this to you as a neat trick or spin, I happen to think that it is the actual character of this, but I was wondering if you would discuss the entire question a little bit more.”

LaRouche: You have two issues here, which converge; two crucial issues of strategic policy. This is not a local social issue; this is a strategic issue. Going back into the 1970s, as a byproduct of the rush of euphoria around some of the Nixon Administration, you had the presentation as by Huntington, in a book called *The Soldier and the State*, of a policy which was not original to him, but which was something he made a book about, which was already in the works. The intention was at that point, a military policy which became associated with Cheney as of 1989, when Cheney was Secretary of Defense, of this reform in military affairs, which was actually the idea which has been in progress ever since, and Felix Rohatyn is one of the promoters of this, along with George Shultz, to give you some idea of who’s behind it, and why some Democrats don’t like to talk about it. Because they get money from George Shultz, or from Felix Rohatyn.

So, the policy was to eliminate the military of governments, and to take the logistical aspect of support of military affairs, and turn it over to private interests, such as Halliburton, as in Iraq. The greatest expense is not for the military as such; it’s for Halliburton and similar companies, who get bonanzas, and high rates and so forth, for doing military jobs.

But the idea was to eliminate the military as a governmental function, a traditional form of military as a governmental function, and to replace it with something like the worst phase of the Roman legions. And the Roman legions, once the Roman Empire was established, were nothing but assassination squads, and extermination squads, like the Nazi SS, later. The SS-type troops.
Now, there was a scientific question that came in this, already in this period: How do you condition a human being to become a stone killer? Who can kill and kill and kill, and not see the face of the human being as human when they shoot, as this guy down there in Blacksburg. Well, they developed it, and the technique was originally developed for the U.S. military, for a special military training program, for special infantry, and then was spilled out for private entertainment by youth. It was also used to train police officers—

For example, you had a guy in the Bronx, came out of his house, a perfectly respectable citizen of African-American designation [Amadou Diallo]. He came out of his house, and was surrounded by cops, and they asked for some identification. He reached for his hip pocket to get his wallet, and they put 41 bullets into him. He had no weapon, and he was not guilty of anything. Now, this was the result of the kind of training given to police officers, of a special type, so that they shoot that way: they empty their gun. One of the key weapons for this, of course, is the Glock, which has a high magazine capacity. So, you come in, and it was used down here by this Cho [Seung Hui]. Bang! Bang! Bang! Bang! Bang! Bang! And about a 50% kill ratio. Systematically, a brainwashed zombie.

Now, the technique that’s used, was developed especially from 2000 on. In 2000, you had a crisis in the so-called tech industry, of Microsoft and so forth. They were in danger, because the flood of money that had gone into the Y2K project stopped, and so all these computer companies were in trouble on their growth perspectives, because the flood of money that had gone in earlier to the Y2K project was stopped. Now, they suddenly discovered that these games, these killer games, were a good alternative source of profit. And the shape of the development of the computer industry technology since that time, has depended increasingly, on development of computer technologies for killer games. Killer games are one of the biggest sources of income of the computer industry, the growth income of the computer industry. Which is why a Democratic supporter and funder, like Microsoft, is one of the biggest backers of one of the most dangerous and deadly of these games. This is where the computer industry gets its money!

So now you have a combination of your trained masses of the population, as ready to go into the military to become a new kind of killer, as specified in The Soldier and the State by Huntington, from the 1970s, and you’ve got them on the street. You’ve got millions of young men who are trained killers, some of whom never touched a weapon. You have cases of—a boy in one case, for example, a young boy, not yet in his teens, who picked up a pistol for the first time, and shot with deadly precision, and killed. He had never pulled a trigger before, but he had pulled the trigger on a video game. And that’s the way this thing works.

Yes, this guy Cho, he did some training on a target range, but his basic training and personality was destroyed, as it was, by a video game! And it was a Microsoft video game, chiefly.

So, therefore, the two things converge. On the one side you had the initial thrust which was simply The Soldier and the State, to eliminate the regular military of soldiers with a conscience, who are the instrument of society, to produce SS-type killers of soldiers without conscience, like the SS who killed the Jews and others in the concentration camps—same mentality. How do you mass produce this? It’s not so easy; human beings do not like to kill human beings. Snipers do not like to be a sniper after the first time they do it. The revulsion, the reaction is strong. How do you brainwash them so they become a zombie who can kill and kill and kill and kill without feeling? A so-called Mafia killer. How do you produce a Mafia killertype, who kills on order, and never has any compunction, and likes to add a fillip to it, as you do with these games. Like the cop-killing game—behead the cops after you kill them. You had a case like this just recently; three cops were killed as a result of a guy playing that game.

So, on the one hand, it’s the idea of the reform of military affairs—eliminate the military, privatize the military—like the SS, the Nazi SS—and then recruit to this new kind of military, by reaching out in this police training, and into the civilian population generally, to get young people of military-recruitment age, and train them in the killer techniques, which mean that they can march from the game into the legions out there killing people in various parts of the world, without really shifting gears.

Now, do we think this is a crime? The promotion of this kind of operation with these intentions is itself a crime against humanity; it’s a Nuremberg crime! And people should be given their Nuremberg indictment notices now, who participate in doing this.

This also tells us something about the society in which we live. It tells us a great deal about Cheney, because Cheney has been the key instrument in this. Not only Cheney, but Felix Rohatyn, Felix Rohatyn, the Middlebury monster, from Middlebury, Vermont. A center of racism; a traditional center of racism in the United States, in Vermont. And a center of fascism in Vermont. And Felix Rohatyn, who is a graduate of that place, but also some other things more Satanic. Felix Rohatyn is the key sponsor of this program in the private sector. He’s a fascist! He comes trained by the same people who were behind Hitler in Europe, from France. So, this tells you that in our country, we have a Nazi SS type in power, and Cheney is simply a symptom of that. George Shultz is a symptom of that. The United States putting Pinochet into power in Chile, and backing the Operation Condor, Nazi-like murders in the Southern Cone is an expression of that. So therefore, we have to recognize this is not a social problem, which has to be treated as a social problem, like the drug problem. This is a crime against humanity, and those who participate in the crime should be notified: “This is a crime against humanity, and we have the following information about you. Do you want to quit?”
George Shultz, Felix Rohatyn, and Dick Cheney are key instruments in bringing fascism to America—the fascism of which video games are an instrument for brainwashing the population. “It’s a crime against humanity!” said LaRouche.

A Moratorium on Home Foreclosures

Freeman: The next question is from a senior Democratic staff director on the House side—her committee is directly in a position to deal with some of these questions—and she says: “Lyn, given the scale of the crisis in the mortgage and mortgage-backed securities markets, and the numbers of foreclosures that we can expect, I know that you’ve said that no state efforts to stop foreclosures will work; I understand though, that you have called for a moratorium on foreclosures. My question is, how exactly would this work? And also, what would the response of the financial community to such a proposal be?”

LaRouche: Well, the response of the financial community is not too important, because we are at a point, as I’ve indicated today in my principal remarks earlier, that the financial system in its present form is finished. It has been thoroughly criminalized, in many of its respects, at least morally criminalized, and otherwise. Therefore, the opinion of the financial community, except for giving information which may be useful for our purposes, is no longer of much interest. We have to put the entire financial community in receivership. That means, that we don’t shut things down; we may shut some things down—gambling casinos, of course, will be immediately shut down; immediately. The gambling industry; shut down. That will help a lot, and it will also help to give a jolt to some people to stop being prostitutes, because if you gamble, you’re a prostitute. A certain guy from New York may not like that—Donald Trump may not like me for that, but I don’t think he likes me anyway, so it’s no loss. I would say, “You’re fired, Donald. No, you’re fired. I’m saying it to you now, Donald, directly, you’re fired. Your time has gone.”

Now, what are we going to have to do? You have to do a financial reorganization. Now, what do you want to do? You don’t want any instability, any social instability; that’s number one. You say, “Okay, you occupy a house, right? The foreclosure time has come. What happens? You stay there.” “What about the budget?” “Well, we’re going to put it all to reorganization. We’ll list it as one of the houses which may have some asset value in it.” We’re going to look at all the cases. We’re going to shut down the mortgage industry, essentially, in its present form. We’re also going to put the banking system into receivership. What does that mean? If we don’t put it into receivership, the banks are going to go under. The banks of the United States do not control the United States. The Cayman Islands, the British Empire’s Cayman Islands, are the dominant factor in the hedge funds, and the hedge funds are the dominant factor presently, in the U.S. banking system. The hedge funds virtually own the banking system, either by debt relationships or otherwise. So, therefore, what we want to do is keep the banks alive, because that’s where the normal course of industry and so forth, and people are involved, and communities. So, we’re going to freeze it. What do we do?

The measure we have to take is to declare the Federal Reserve System in bankruptcy, in government receivership in bankruptcy. Now, the Constitution provides the means for this. If it’s bankrupt, then the authority of the U.S. government, in respect to our currency and banking, comes into play. So, the Federal Reserve System, as a system which has been mismanaged, especially by the most recent chairman, “Green-
A financial reorganization would shut down the gambling industry right away, which Donald Trump may not like, but never mind. “I would say, ‘You’re fired, Donald. No, you’re fired. I’m saying it to you now, Donald, directly, you’re fired. Your time has gone.’”

Shown here, Trump’s Taj Mahal Casino in Atlantic City, N.J.

spinnig, that thing is put in receivership; because it made a mess of things, and the place is bankrupt. So, therefore, if the banking system of the United States is bankrupt, then the Federal government is the only agency which has the authority to deal with that. So, the Federal government puts the banking system into receivership. How? By putting the Federal Reserve System into receivership. Now, what you do is, you tell the bankers you don’t shoot, who didn’t commit a crime, you say, “You stay there!” You say, “Freeze this! Everything is now under government supervision.”

Our concern is that things that have to happen immediately through banking will happen. That financing of this, and financing of that, and so forth, the credit system—that will be there; that will be guaranteed by the government. But we’ll manage it, we’ll reorganize it; we’re going to write down, eventually, a lot of this debt. We’re going to cancel a lot of this debt. We’re going to cancel entire categories of debt, which are nothing but gambling debts. We’re going to have a banking system, which the American people and the industries and the states need, so they can continue to do the healthy business that they normally do, in a normal way. We simply say, “You may be bankrupt”—we did this in the 1930s, on a lesser scale, but it’s the same principle. “You’re bankrupt, but you sit there, because you’re there to serve the community on behalf of the United States and its people. You stay on the job, and you do the things that you should do. And the things that you can’t do, you won’t do; and you won’t make these disbursements, because we’re going to have to investigate this thing and decide who gets paid and who doesn’t, and how much.” As you do in any bankruptcy proceeding, a constructive bankruptcy proceeding, you’re going to decide who gets paid, and who doesn’t. And there are going to be a lot of trillions of dollars that are not going to be paid, ever! Because a lot of this was fake.

So, we’re going to decide what was true, and what was fake. And what is true will be honored as truthful value should be honored, and claims should be honored. And what was fake, is fake. That’s it! And that’s the way you approach it, because we can’t have people, we can’t have massive evictions. We can’t have the destruction of most lives; we can’t turn people into lice or rats, running across the country looking for something to eat. You can’t have the destruction of local communities. You can’t have it. This moral question is outstanding. You’ve got to say, you thought you had bought into the United States, you thought you were part of our laws, part of our way of life. You are! And that’s what is going to stay.

Some other things are going to change. And what should be repaid, will be eventually repaid. So, we’ll just freeze things until we can sort it out. And in the meantime, life will go on. The money you need on credit, and deserve, you will get. The house you live in, you keep. If you are an honest person, and you have not done anything wrong, you are not going to be penalized. We need you; we need you in the community. We need you to have a secure family life. We don’t want your children to go crazy; get drunk, do drugs, all this stuff.

So, you have to think of human values. Don’t think of so-called rules made by some people. The fundamental principle of the U.S. Constitution, is expressed in the Preamble of the Constitution. That is the moral law of the United States, which is the highest law of the United States, the highest law of the Constitution. Every other feature of the Constitution is subordinate to that principle. The same principle is expressed in the Declaration of Independence, although with less elaborate effectiveness. Leibniz’s concept is presented against John Locke. Remember, the U.S. Constitution, from the beginning, was a refutation and rejection of John Locke. Slavery was based on John Locke; that was the law of slavery, that was the law of the Confederacy. So, we don’t accept slavery, but we do accept the fact that the government is the one that is responsible to ensure the continuation of the General Welfare for ourselves and our posterity. That’s the fundamental law that commands the U.S. government, constitutionally. And we find ways within the structure of the Constitution otherwise to realize that objective. We have bankruptcy? Okay. The law of the General Welfare, what was called in ancient Greek αγάπη, takes over.

Cheney and Gore—Partners in Crime?

Sky Shields: The next question was received over the Internet. It’s from a Mr. Derek, and it reads: “First of all, I’d like to extend congratulations to Quincy O’Neal, and Wynneal Inocentes for their victories here in California. I’d also like to thank you, Lyn, for your wonderful young people,
LaRouche: Well, they’re both fascists. Essentially, it’s true, that Al Gore—and I try to get it out of the people—did you ever hear this song, this country song from Tennessee about the company store [“Sixteen Tons”]? Now, who owned the company store? Who owned the company that ran the company store, which was made notorious by this song? The company store? Al Gore, personally. Al Gore is, essentially, a fascist. And he comes from the Tennessee swamps by pedigree. He is also a confirmed racist; he’s done things which he is guilty of as hell. In Africa, he’s a racist; he’s a killer racist in Africa. He’s also listed as a Democrat; so are many leading members of the Ku Klux Klan, and he comes from that particular pedigree. I don’t know if it’s mint juleps or something else.

I was involved in the training of troops in Texas during World War II for a time, and we had people from all over the country—from the swamps of Brooklyn and the slums of Tennessee—to train, and I can tell you, they were a bit of a problem. They’re crooked as hell. And I got to know the type. Recently, a couple of years ago, I was travelling through an area of northern Alabama into northern Mississippi, and I ran into police officers and others, and I looked at their faces. I recognized them as the same types that I had recognized as hard-core racists from my days at Camp Barkley, Texas in 1944, where we tried to train such types. We tried to toilet-train them, among other things. It’s true.

And Al Gore is perfectly of that type. He’s got the record; he is that. He got it honestly from his father, and this is the problem.

Cheney is the same thing. Cheney is the lineman they wouldn’t let him climb the pole. He’s too incompetent to be trusted up a pole. A fat slob, a football hero of his high school, who qualified as a bum, who was picked up out of the gutter by his wife, who is known for her bad taste, and eventually crawled his way into a position of great wealth in Halliburton, as a thug. He has no brains, he’s a thug; no particular intelligence, but he’s a thug, he’s an enforcer. And he’s used as an instrument, as a part of the package together with poor George Bush, who can not be blamed for anything, because I don’t know that he even knows who he is. And that’s the kind of situation. This guy is no damn good. And anyone who has been in politics in the United States as a whole, as I have been, who’s had the chance to meet different kinds of people in our country, our fair land, from different parts, and has gotten to know the various types that exist. You walk in and you smell
this thing, and you know what you’re dealing with. I can not understand how anyone can be dumb enough not to know what Al Gore is after a fairly short exposure to some samples of his behavior.

A Casino Economy

Shields: This is another question received via e-mail. This is from Sue Daniels, the financial secretary-treasurer of the Smith County Federation of Labor, and the former vice president of the Texas AFL-CIO, from Frankston, Texas. Her question is: “Lyn, I am perplexed. Why is the stock market going higher and higher each day, breaking records, while all our industry and standard of living is going to Hell at the same time? We are losing hundreds of thousands of good, high-paying jobs, foreclosures are skyrocketing, the world is going to Hell in a hand basket, and the Dow Jones is breaking records each day. What do you think about this situation?”

LaRouche: Well, you should recognize, being in labor, that employment in industries and agriculture has declined, and that casinos are on the rise. The stock market, U.S. stock market, is not a reflection of the economy; it’s a casino. And it’s run up, and it’s run down. Right now, the casino is being controlled from London, not from New York. The way it works now, is that the dominant financial interest in the world today, is centered in London, not in necessarily the City of London itself, but in the British Empire. For example, the largest hedge-fund operation in the world today, is run out of the Cayman Islands. The Cayman Islands is the center controlled directly by the British monarchy.

You take the case of Spain. You have two banks, the Bank of Bilbao, and Santander, which are the biggest controllers, not only of the real estate bubble in Spain itself, which is now blowing up, but also are the biggest looters of South America, especially Brazil, Argentina, and so forth; those countries. It’s a looter. And this is around the world. Hedge funds today and the finance associated with them, control the world. The stock market of the United States is nothing but a joke. It’s an ancillary of this casino. It’s a subject of the hedge funds; it is not a representative of corporate production, productive corporations or of banking inside the United States.

The banks of the United States themselves are the bodies which are being sucked dry by the hedge funds. The hedge funds are eating up the industries of the world, running away and leaving them like empty husks. And the hedge funds are going to go down. But in the meantime, the Queen of England, with these bunch of bloodsuckers called hedge funds, running out of little boxes instead of even offices in the Cayman Islands, is controlling the world, or most of it. And so therefore, what happens is, the British are now hovering on a decision, and the decision is whether or not to collapse the U.S. economy and U.S. dollar. So therefore, for the moment, in order to prop up the U.S. dollar, which is already ready to collapse totally, they prop up the stock market, not by value, but by speculation, by bids. It’s not real. It’s like betting in a gambling casino. That’s what the hedge funds are; it’s betting in a kind of gambling casino. The world has been turned from a production economy to a gambling casino economy.

What did they do? They looted the auto industry. They looted it! Did they buy it, did they put something into it, to buy it, that was corresponding to the value of the industry? No, they looted it, they stole it! They parked the money, the profit from the stealing, in this place, then that place. They leverage the apparent value of stocks, which don’t have that value; if you try to close out on them, and try to find out what their value is, they evaporate. So the whole thing is highly artificial.

But the key thing now is that the British have not yet decided to sink the U.S. dollar. And therefore, they prop it up, politically, temporarily, and try to manipulate the U.S. public by saying, “Oh the stock market’s going up! The stock market’s going up!” It’s like watching a roulette wheel. “The stock market’s going up!”

Can We Still Save the Auto Industry?

Freeman: Okay, the next question, Lyn, comes from Michael Balls, who is from Saginaw, Mich. He’s on the executive board of UAW Local 699, from the CAP [Community Action Program] program there. He’s also on the board of directors of the Wanigas Federal Credit Union, and he’s also a part of Big Brothers of Saginaw and Bay counties. He says, “Mr. LaRouche, I have several related questions for you. One is, do you have a plan for the United States to do something, even now at this late date, that can salvage the auto industry? I’m in Saginaw and we are an auto town, and we’re really hurting. Toyota is taking over, GM is losing market share, and we’re losing jobs. For every auto worker in the United States who’s put out of work, five additional jobs are lost. Now, Delphi is demanding that all auto jobs be downgraded from $26 an hour to $14 an hour, and this will further drive down living standards here. The housing market is dying, not only here, but all over the state of Michigan.

Furthermore, people who have no hope have the tendency to turn to dope and to liquor. So we’ve seen young people, and others as well, more involved than ever with drugs and suffering from problems of hopelessness and low self-esteem. They feel that the future has been taken away from them. I’ve been a long-time member of Big Brothers in the county, and I have to admit that I am at a total loss as to what to tell these young people who I mentor. What is your message for them?”

LaRouche: Well, first of all, we’ve got to demonstrate—as I think we tried to demonstrate in California recently—that there is a power turning loose and building up in the United States, which gives hope. This is particularly necessary after the shameless behavior of the Congress, particularly the Senate, with respect to my proposals for dealing with the auto industry crisis, from the beginning of 2005. Here we were
involved in the fight to save Social Security, which was conducted successfully. But then, on the second issue, which I raised in February of that year, on this auto industry threat of shutting down, they did nothing. Less than nothing. They didn’t want to interfere with the hedge funds. And this was international, not just national.

Now, what I proposed at the time, as you may recall, was that it was obvious that the auto industry was overbuilt, as an auto industry. There had been a lot of bakery to maintain the charade of growth in it, but it wasn’t there, because it wasn’t in the economy, and there was too much dependency on the automobiles in the United States anyway, particularly with the way we were getting congestion—

Take the whole area of Loudoun County here in Virginia. It was insane! I warned that in 1983-’84 that what they were doing was insane. You’re developing a situation where you have housing, housing, housing, housing, housing speculation. How do you support the housing? You make people travel from West Virginia to the Washington, D.C. area to work every day, back and forth; you get housing congestion, you try to maintain facilities to support the housing area, you have no local industries, no places of employment locally, no development whatsoever. You’re putting up shacks where they’re putting tacks in that aren’t even aimed properly—the whole thing may peel down and go down on you—they’re going up to $700,000 average now; they will come down to maybe $200,000 or less. The bankruptcy rate is in there, it’s all over the place.

So, what we’ve done is, we’ve had an insane structural approach to the United States, based on speculation as in housing, while destroying agriculture and industry. In other words, the way you run an economy is, as you see in the state of Michigan, when it was functioning, despite the auto industry dominance. You had areas where communities were self-sustaining. And you could travel a short distance of less than half an hour each day to and from work, and from your functions, or you had ways of public transportation you could get around without an automobile, and you had a self-sustaining profitable economy, locally. And you would checker-board a state with local economies which were self-sustaining, and then you would put in there large economies which would have a relationship to these local economies. And generally, you would divide the thing into divisions, where you would move the divisions one after the other because if you got too much congestion, then you find you’ve got a different kind of loss of economy. So to have economy, you don’t take an area and say, let’s make this a housing development area for the whole county, transforming an agricultural county into this thing with no sewage system in it to speak of. That’s what they did. And now expecting it to save itself.

Now what’s happened is, the housing level comes down from the $700,000 bracket per unit, is aiming down towards the $200,000 level, where it will probably bottom out, but then who’s going to pay the taxes? Because the tax-revenue base is based on the real estate speculation and the habitation, it’s not based on sources of income. And there will be no income to maintain the tax-revenue base, in the state or in the county. You will have a panic disintegration.

So my proposal was very simple in anticipating this nonsense going on. What do you do? Well, simply, you look at this productive capacity which is already here. You’ve got communities, you’ve got people in them who are skilled. The community is somewhat balanced. It has schools, all these kinds of facilities. You have a state which regionally is balanced. Stay where you are! Don’t move! Live where you live! Work where you work!

What do you do? You take the industries which are producing automobiles or components of them, and you say, what else can you produce? If we’re producing too many automobiles to sustain this industry, what else do we produce? What about some water systems? The whole Ohio/Mississippi River is not developed. The whole system is breaking down. Who can make the things that fix that industry? Well, the automobile industry, machine-tool sector, can design anything for that or a great number of other things. Who can design new mass-transit systems, and build them? The automobile industry, machine-tool capacity. All industries could be developed that way. How about some nuclear power plants? Oh, the same industry can make most of the components for that too. So therefore, we have, at present, great needs for products which are not automobiles; we have people who are employed where they are. We want to keep them employed at that skill, at that present social standard of living, at least, and give them new product to make which they can make rather quickly. A good set of design engineers, assembled in that industry, can produce almost anything, within a year. It’d take them about a year to go to the drawing boards and make a new product that works, from design.

So therefore, why do we let that thing go down? Well, because—you now have to get at the cause of the problem. The cause of the problem was not inherent in some process, some lawful process within the communities. It was inherent in what was going on in Washington! There was a decision to deindustrialize the United States. There was a decision to ship the auto industry out of the United States, into other countries, and to eliminate, even when you do produce automobiles in the United States, don’t let them be produced by U.S. corporations. They have to be produced by foreign corporations, in the United States, not U.S. corporations. So, you fire U.S. people, or you downgrade them to one-third of the income they were getting, to work for a foreign corporation, because they’re begging for jobs and they’ll take the pay cut. That’s what they did to us.

So the problem here is essentially a perception of national interests and justice, in the sense of caring about our people, in the sense of what the alternatives are that exist to deal with the problem which they wouldn’t deal with, because Felix Rohatyn wouldn’t allow them. I know in particular, Felix
Rohatyn campaigned, in the Spring of 2004-2005, against me on this issue. His argument was, we don’t want another Franklin Roosevelt ever again! These are Franklin Roosevelt methods, that’s what he’s proposing, and you get every now and then, some guy comes up, a crank like Franklin Roosevelt, a crisis comes that makes a mess like a stupid government, like this government, and the danger is that someone like him, who is potentially a new Franklin Roosevelt, will come in and do the same kind of thing that Franklin Roosevelt did. And that campaign against me, by him and by others, was on that basis. And he’s a fascist! Well, naturally, him being a fascist and me being me—we don’t get along too well!

But, that’s the problem. This was not a lawful problem, which developed autonomously, synthetically, whatever, from inside the United States. It was a problem that was brought in by international interests, which were determined to destroy the United States, and they’re destroying it by stripping it of our industries, of our agriculture, and our basic economic infrastructure.

It’s being done deliberately! We are being murdered as a nation! And therefore, we stand up on our hind legs and say—but to stand on your hind legs, you’ve got to specify the alternative to what they’re doing to you. My alternative is, go back to the same thing. While many of these people are still where they were, working, living, let us simply have the government step in with a credit program; let us have an infrastructure-building program. Let us take our requirement for a national transportation system, not rail but something better than rail—which we can do. Let’s deal with the problem of a shortage of power. Let’s deal with the problem that we can’t get safe drinking water out of a faucet in most parts of the country anymore! Take care of the problem that we don’t have enough fresh water anyway in most parts of the country to deal with the needs in that area. Take care of many other problems which we can take care of, by launching the industries which will pay for themselves over the cycle of their life. Put our people back to work for the missions which our people are capable of doing. Rebuild this country as what it was before these swine started to destroy it, especially from Nixon on. We have been destroyed, deliberately, by a financier, a foreign-based financier interest, beginning with the Nixon Administration itself, and what followed. And that has become our tradition. Why don’t we just assert ourselves and say, screw you! We are going to have our country back again.

Why Is Sudan Under Such Attack?

Freeman: Lyn, I’m going to move away from some domestic questions, and entertain some questions that have been submitted by people here in the audience from other parts of the world.

This is a question from someone associated with a local consulting operation called Executive Research Associates, and the question is, “Mr. LaRouche, why is the Washington leadership, both Democrat and Republican, so hell-bent on destroying the nation of Sudan?”

LaRouche: There was once a fat man called Lord Kitchener. And in 1898, he took an army of Egyptians down, to get revenge for defeat of a British interest. There was a fellow called “Chinese Gordon,” who had been the local honcho and general jerk in that area, and the local constituencies had assembled themselves, and they had killed Chinese Gordon, and I had the privilege one day of standing in a building, which was the entry-way of a building, with stairs going both ways; and going up one wall, on one stairwell, was a plaque, and the plaque commemorated the place where the local inhabitants of the place had shot the hell out of Chinese Gordon. That was also the building where George H.W. Bush slept one time, when he was Vice President, or President of Vice, or whatever that was.

So, I know Sudan fairly well. Sudan is geographically the largest country in Africa. It is largely arid country, but it is also an integral part of the entire Nile system, which runs officially from what is called Lake Victoria (which is like giving the name of a urinal to a large lake), and runs up—there’s the White Nile, which joins the Blue Nile, and becomes the Nile generally, which goes all the way to the sea. And this is the area of an important water agreement between Egypt and Sudan and some other countries, particularly Ethiopia, in that area. It’s an area which the British have managed, from below Victoria, Tanzania and so forth, all the way up on the eastern side of Africa. It’s an extension of the operation of the British Africa operation from South Africa before. It is also of geopolitical significance in the sense of controlling all of Africa, and also part of the control of the whole Southwest Asia complex.

It has potential. Its main problem is water. There’s a lot of water there, in the southern part of the base of the Nile area, which could be managed. Also, of course, with modern nuclear power, fission power, we can generate a marginal increment of water in areas of agriculture, and any significant increment of the water supply in Sudan in certain areas would result actually in a very large improvement in the conditions of life of the whole area. Because it has a certain potential, and when you add one element that’s missing in a marginal potential, that turns the whole area which is desert, into something which is productive. And that’s the case there.

We have people from Sudan, and adjoining areas, who are experts in that area and know exactly how and what to do, given the resources. All it needs is this one boost, and it will pull it over the top and it can begin to go upward rather than down.

And the problems there, are largely, since the beginning, since Kitchener’s time, what Kitchener did—or the British did under Kitchener—they put one local tribe in the South, and these are not really tribes in the normal sense. What happened is you had people who were driven out of adjoining parts of Africa, would flee into a swamp area where they were fleeing from getting killed, and they formed associations, like
gangs, which are called tribes. So the British, in their occupation of the area, after doing the obscenity of naming the lake of the area Victoria—I mean, what a thing to do to a lake—but they managed the area, by taking this area of these little people, so-called, in this area of southern Sudan, and they played one against the other, and against the Sudan as a whole. That’s been their policy ever since 1898 under Kitchener. At one time, it was the Dinka tribe that was the controller of all of Sudan. Then they overthrew the Dinka tribe, which still stayed there, and got another tribe in. Then they went with various kinds of operations which were ethnic types of operations of control and management and conflict. Managed conflict, one of the tricks of colonialism.

So, in this process, you got an agreement. George Bush, when he became President, promised Sudan that things were going to be much better in Sudan under George W. Bush than they had been under Clinton. I warned my friends in Sudan at the time—I had a meeting there in January of 2001—and I warned them when they said, no, things are going to be better with the Republicans under Bush now. We have guarantees. I said, don’t be suckers! They’re going to destroy your country. Guess what’s happened to Sudan since January 2001? They’ve almost destroyed the country. U.S. operations. The reason they hated Clinton was not because of Bill Clinton, but because of—guess who? The Vice President, Gore. Remember, Gore was the guy, when Clinton was in trouble during this impeachment period, who organized the bombing of a pharmaceutical plant, the only pharmaceutical plant in Sudan. Gore also, in terms of Central Africa, around Lake Victoria, Uganda and so forth, together with Susan Rice and so forth, they were among the worst pigs in the kinds of operations they ran in Africa and against the adjoining countries. Horrible massacres in that area were organized by interests which included Gore, as well as George H.W. Bush, who took out a gold mine out of this operation in Zaire. That kind of thing.

So the game is that! You take an issue like this part of Africa, and you have to admit that Gore as Vice President was a criminal on Africa policy. He’s a criminal today! His whole program, this thing he’s pushing on Global Warming, targets Africa for genocide! But many American Democrats say they like Gore’s program, which I can’t find much different between Gore and Hitler, actually, except Hitler was probably smarter. That’s all. Maybe that’s the less dangerous thing.

But anyway, this is the problem. This is a fake, a British operation. When I was there the last time, in January 2001, I saw the British agents and I saw the operation. I was there; it was on the ground. I know these people. I saw it! This is the way it works! So, if I’m in a position of political power in this country, those problems are going to go away, because I know where the body’s buried.

Can Africa Really Have Nuclear Power

**Freeman:** Okay, I’m going to take another question on Africa, and then we’re going to come back to some questions regarding the United States. Lyn, this is a question that’s submitted by a representative from Tanzania. He says, “Mr. LaRouche, I’m from the eastern part of Africa, from Tanzania, and my questions is, how would it be possible to use nuclear power, when all over Africa, there is an international effort to ban the use of nuclear power, using the argument that it can be used for weapons of mass destruction?”

**LaRouche:** Well, first of all, all the people lie, you know. It’s not relevant. You see, Africa has been so looted, and the death rates are so high, and the death rates tend to be concentrated not in the poorest areas, but concentrated to a large degree, as in HIV, concentrated in areas of semi-urban populations of the people with the greatest skill. There are some famous cases of this thing. Therefore, the problem that you have, is Africa lacks the essential infrastructure needed to begin to rebuild these countries or to build them up—they’ve been destroyed a number of times—and to decolonize the whole area. In fact, take the case of Tanzania, or take the case of—you could go through a whole bunch of these things, they all come up the same. The problem is, what we should do is, the basic thing where Africa needs aid, is not being taught how to knit, or how to dig a dry
well. What Africa needs from other countries, from the United States and others, is largely, basic economic infrastructure.

For example, Africa has the largest agricultural producing area, but the bugs and other problems get in the way. The net food product is short. If you dealt with some of these problems, you would find the food production would be higher, the net food production, because most of the food that is grown is destroyed before it gets to market! By bugs and things like that, and rot. So therefore, if you had some degree of infrastructure to assist people in an area to deal with these problems—which we know how to deal with, we know how to put something in plastic and gas it and so forth to get the bugs out. We know how to do that. There are people who know that, but they have to have the ability, the means, the local industries, which provide this assistance to agriculture, locally.

They don’t have mass transportation. Without efficient mass transportation—they don’t need automobiles, they need railroads, they need water management—some places need water—but all of the areas need water management. You’ve got problems with these lakes. You’ve got things in the lakes that kill, that are dangerous, diseases and so forth. You’ve got to give them the means to organize a solution themselves. Because people don’t organize well, and develop, by being developed. You don’t give orders and instructions and handbooks and tell people how to develop. What you have to give people is the power to develop themselves!

So what you do is you take on the things that they can’t do for themselves, like basic economic infrastructure. You assist them with that, and then you have created the basis where they, in net effect, can do something for themselves. And it’s their development, especially their self-development, which guarantees their future.

You don’t take an ignorant population and say, “Oh, you’ve got this thing. It’s all yours, great fun, do this, do that, do this.” You don’t do that. Because you haven’t given them the self-development powers to deal with the problem in the way needed. So you give them the infrastructure and let local governments struggle to educate and develop the people, and in the process of developing and educating their own people, they become able to govern themselves better. If you give them the infrastructure, which gives them the “leg up” to develop—like water systems, power systems, and things like that—that’s what they need. They don’t need advice on how to knit! They need facilities in getting the kind of power they need, the kind of mass transportation they need, the hospitals and medical facilities they need as institutions. That’s what they need. Technological assistance centers that they need. But the essential thing in development, is self-development of the people, and you have to make the distinction between what you have to put in to make self-development work, and self-development itself. But in the long run, it will be self-development that will bring them out of the mess, not development delivered by the World Bank. And that’s the way to approach it.

An Organizing Problem

Freeman: Next question is from one of the LYM leaders here in Washington, who wants to ask a question from the mike. Wes?

Wesley Irwin: Hi, Lyn. So, I have a certain question regarding the conceptual approach to take when organizing around the strategic collaboration that has to occur between the United States, and Russia, China, and India. One of the ideas that I’ve been trying to develop in my mind is this Riemannian-Vernadskian sort of conception, that the conceptual basis for that sort of long-term collaboration has got to be along the lines of the unique capability of man to transform the geological characteristics on this planet, and hopefully surrounding planets, for generations into the future. And that that common characteristic has got to be what situates any sort of discussion on economic policy at this point amongst these groupings. But there are a number of different ways to approach it, and there’s been a discussion amongst the LYM about what is the best way to approach this organizing around this sort of cooperation that we know has to happen.

But there’s another problem that comes up—it’s very acute in the Congress, and I’m sure it’s also in the general population—but you run into leading policy-makers, particularly Democrats, who will respond ferociously, violently—they’ll grow fangs, claws, when you dare to tell them that their conception of economics is wrong, and that it’s the cause of what is the downfall of our nation. Usually the way this comes up, is what they’ll say is, well, you know, we can’t stop globalization. And so, the best thing that we can do, since there’s all this money floating around out there, they say—they don’t say where, but it’s floating around out there—and so the best thing that we can do is to go out and get that money! And once we get the money, then we can channel it into the social programs that are going to help the people. Then we can rebuild the Katrina disaster area, then we can get everyone health care, then we can do this and that. And of course, the emotion that they have towards the general welfare in that regard is good, but the whole basis, the whole geometry in their mind with which they’re approaching this issue of economics, if continued, is going to destroy the United States.

LaRouche: You’re talking about a Baby Boomer, aren’t you? That gives it away, you’re describing the Baby-Boomer mentality. Because the point is, the Baby Boomers as I’ve described them again and again, they exist, they’re still around. This pestilence still exists, it is not yet the dodo. It may be becoming the dodo of the 22nd Century, but right now it’s around in the 21st Century. It’s a residue of the worst aspects of the 20th Century.

The point is, the Baby-Boomer generation is a dodo, it is an egocentric who can’t make eggs. It’s a generation with no future, in short. The problem is that we bred, as I’ve laid out,
between 1945 at the end of the war, after the death of Franklin Roosevelt, and 1956, before the February 1957 Recession, we bred a generation of little kiddies, born between 1945 and 1956, whose parents belonged to the so-called white-collar side of the population, as opposed to blue-collar, and they were largely associated with the idea of the defense or related industries. And they were considered, because of the security arrangements, and because of the educational program which was introduced, and social-conditioning program, they were especially conditioned. They were conditioned with the idea that they were an elite. The parents got the idea of being an elite. “We are now in the defense industry, we have good security clearances, we can get important jobs in defense-related industries, and we are sending our children to good schools, we’re living in good communities, we have a special way of living, we know how to behave ourselves so as not to get into trouble to spoil what we’re doing.”

And they raised their little kiddies. And this became known as the white-collar, organization-man generation of the 1950s. A lot of books were written about it. I was there. I know all about it. Been there. I diagnosed it then. All right. So they were optimistic! “We are the kings of the planet. We are coming. We are going. Our kids are going to be something. You can see it coming down the pike, yeah!” Then, in February of 1957, as I had warned some of these jerks from my consulting practice, the bottom dropped out. The auto industry, the white-goods industry, dropped dead. People who had been in corporations getting $40,000 a year as prospective division managers were laid off and couldn’t get $10,000, couldn’t get $5,000. So suddenly, the parents of what we call the Baby-Boomer generation today, of the white-collar generation, not the blue collar but the white collar, suddenly went from ecstasy—“We are it! We are the power! We are going to make it!”—suddenly they got “uhhhhh,” DEPRESSED!

And so the Baby-Boomer phenomenon, while the education corruption still went on, the parents’ generation of the Baby Boomers, they were not so damned arrogant any more. Because they lived through a recession, which was a fairly deep recession for them, from February of 1957 into 1961. That’s why you define the Baby-Boomer generation as the generation of people who were born between the death of Roosevelt and the 1957 Recession, because they were subject to a mass social effect in that compartment of the social stratum, which went through this specific experience, not only of being brainwashed in the schools by crazy methods of education, but they were also infected by their parents’ radiation of the “We are wonderful, unlike these unfortunate creeps out there!” So now they became the arrogant generation, whereas the parents were not so content, were a little less euphoric, more down to Earth.

And you saw that in ’68. In ’68, you would see the people who represented the Baby-Boomer hard core were really arrogant bastards, whereas their younger brothers and sisters were a little more cautious about things. They weren’t infected with this euphoria. You saw the same thing with the Baby Boomers themselves in the United States, between 1963 and 2000. From 1963 until 2000, the Baby Boomers, with the election of the first Baby-Boomer President, Bill Clinton, thought they had arrived. “This was now the Golden Generation, unlike any other generation. It was the wonderful generation. All other ideas and cultures were wrong. We had now come into our own.” And this generation, under Alan Greenspan, put out oodles and oodles of phony money for the housing industry and new areas, and also for the Y2K bubble, the computer industry.

And this generation, they wandered around from 1993, until the late Spring of 2000, in a state of ecstasy. “We are the wonderful generation,” echoing their parents between 1945 and 1956. So again, the children reflected the same piece of insanity which their parents had had over 20-30 years before. And suddenly, in 2000, it collapsed. And the Baby Boomer, since that time, has been vengeful, hateful, and depressed, and said, “We want our money.” Everything is money. Because that’s what they believed from 1993 to 1999, 2000, “We won! We are the Baby Boomers. We have a Baby-Boomer President. We are now getting a new Baby-Boomer President, George W. Bush. He’s also a Baby Boomer, don’t you know?” So, the Baby Boomers think they’re running the country. They control the Senate. They are a very powerful factor in the House. They dominate most of the business and related institutions in the country, to the extent they still exist, and they have this sense of lost euphoria. They thought everything was wonderful. They had it made, just like their parents between 1945 into 1956, had it made! It was taken away from them! They had won the brass ring. They had been on the merry-go-round and they got the brass ring. “I got the brass ring! I’m entitled to this free ride on the next turn.” And the free ride wasn’t coming, and so now they were resentful against the fact that the free ride had been taken away from them, and they wanted the free ride back!

And that’s what you’re looking at! So therefore, how do you deal with this? Well, you say, what do you call such a generation, in history? It’s called a “lost generation.” Otherwise called a de-generation. What it signifies is that, in such a period as now, you have to go to a younger generation which is not infected with this type of disease, because the characteristic of the Baby-Boomer generation is, “We are the Wonderfuls! There was nothing like us before we came, and there will be nothing like us after we’re gone. We are a moment, a miracle in history. Nothing like us before. Nothing like us afterwards. We are in Heaven. Why aren’t we getting the respect we deserve?”

This is the problem. So, what do you do, if that’s the case? What do you do with such nuts? What you do is, you go to a younger generation. See, some of us are not of that persuasion.
Some people who are younger than I am, in the Baby-Boomer generation, are also not of that persuasion. They don’t believe in this crap. They believe that there’s a better way of living. That we should return to some values that we had before in this country, and should build on that. But they feel that they’re a minority in the Baby-Boomer ranks. So what do they do? They say, okay, who do we go to, as allies, to deal with this Baby-Boomer problem? You go to the generation of young adults, between 18 and 35 years of age, principally, and you say, “You guys are going to take over, aren’t you? Aren’t you going to take over as you grow older, and develop your skills? Why don’t you concentrate on preparing to take over, and in the meantime, why don’t you practice it, while you’re learning?”

Then you have a force in society where you simply have to make a shift and say, recognize that the Baby-Boomer generation, as a generation, is a lost generation. It’s a failure, and therefore, say okay, we can have the Baby-Boomer generation around, as long as they’re not giving the orders. You know, they’re feeble-minded people, Struldbruggs, and so forth. As long as they’re not giving the orders, we can tolerate them. We can find useful work for them, but we’re not going to let them destroy the society in which we live, and destroy our future.

And that’s what happened in California this past weekend, is the injection of young people—here you have a mass of younger people, Democratic Party, the lower 80%, so-called, they’re involved and represented in the convention. They want something. They want Cheney out. The leadership of the Democratic Party says, “You can’t throw Cheney out, we’re not going to do it.” We intervene, with a young movement which intervenes through its representatives in this situation. We blow the lid off it, and suddenly the cork is off and the forces come out. And so the will of the people—as I said earlier today—the will of the people expresses itself as the leading force. And the Baby-Boomer generation said, “Yes-sir!” Reluctantly, “Yes-sir.”

And that’s what has to be understood. You have to lead the younger generation, 18-35, you must let them lead as the force which is the spearhead of policy change. Pull the Baby Boomers after them. Don’t sit around waiting for the Baby Boomers to lead, because they’ll lead you into the ditch. You say to the Baby Boomer, “Look Mom, did you ever hear about drunken drivers? Well, what do you do when there’s a drunken driver behind the wheel? You tell them to move over and let me take over. You’re a Baby Boomer. That’s like a drunken driver.”

Freeman: Well, ladies and gentlemen, as is often the case with these events, we’ve kind of run out of time, although we’ve not run out of questions. I will say that among the questions that are remaining here, that have been submitted by people in the audience as well as by people around the country, the overwhelming, truly overwhelming number of questions that have been submitted, are questions that in one sense or another Lyn has already answered, but which do address the question of the impeachment of Dick Cheney, and they are really a clear reflection of the impatience of the American people, and of their leaders—of labor leaders, of local elected officials and others—to see that process get under way.

The other subject—there seems to be a big disagreement among some of the questioners—is the question of Alberto Gonzales, and while many of the questioners admit that removing Gonzales from office probably won’t accomplish much, they want to do it anyway—I think it is largely a question of frustration. Finally, we have an overwhelming number of messages that have come in, that don’t have questions attached to them at all, but are simply notes of congratulations, not only on the events in California, but above all else, notes of congratulations on the recent transformation of the LaRouche PAC website. People have written in to indicate that the website has become just an indispensable part of their daily activity, both in terms of keeping themselves updated, and of actually their being able to brief their friends. And since many of the people who have written in are themselves constituent and political leaders, it’s a sizeable task that they’ve taken upon themselves.

There are a few questions that I will give Lyn to take with him, that he will probably answer in writing, as time permits. Other than that, I’d just like to address our audience in saying that, in fact, I think that the effectiveness of LaRouche PAC and, very specifically, of Lyn’s Youth Movement, has really been reflected in the events of the past couple of weeks, and most notably in the events of the last weekend. I think that we have entered a different geometry, and I think that really, in the immediate period ahead, not only in Washington but across the nation, anything is possible. One of the statements that Ms. Inocentes made in her address to the Filipino caucus upon herself.

LaRouche: I can say one thing. Thank you. And have fun. Always, have fun!